abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human UPD protein ab96770

1 图像

描述

产品名称
重组人UPD蛋白

纯**度** > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

ab96770 is purified using conventional chromatography techniques.

表达系统 Escherichia coli

Accession P06132

蛋白长度 Full length protein

无动物成分 No

性质 Recombinant

种属 Human

序列 MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MEANGLGPQG

FPELKNDTFL RAAWGEETDY TPVWCMRQAG
RYLPEFRETR AAQDFFSTCR SPEACCELTL
QPLRRFPLDA AIIFSDILVV PQALGMEVTM
VPGKGPSFPE PLREEQDLER LRDPEVVASE
LGYVFQAITL TRQRLAGRVP LIGFAGAPWT
LMTYMVEGGG SSTMAQAKRW LYQRPQASHQ
LLRILTDALV PYLVGQVVAG AQALQLFESH
AGHLGPQLFN KFALPYIRDV AKQVKARLRE
AGLAPVPMII FAKDGHFALE ELAQAGYEVV
GLDWTVAPKK ARECVGKTVT LQVNLDPCAL
YASEEEIGQL VKQMLDDFGP HRYIANLGHG
LYPDMDPEHV GAFVDAVHKH SRLLRON

预**测分子量** 43 kDa including tags

氨基酸 1 to 367

标签 His tag N-Terminus

技术指标

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab96770 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

应用 SDS-PAGE

Mass Spectrometry

1

质**谱法** MALDI-TOF

形式 Liquid

补充说明 Previously labelled as UROD.

制备和贮存

稳定性和存储 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.0154% DTT, 0.316% Tris HCI, 0.0292% EDTA, 20% Glycerol (glycerin,

glycerine), 0.58% Sodium chloride

常规信息

功能 Catalyzes the decarboxylation of four acetate groups of uroporphyrinogen-Ill to yield

coproporphyrinogen-III.

通路 Porphyrin metabolism; protoporphyrin-IX biosynthesis; coproporphyrinogen-Ill from 5-

aminolevulinate: step 4/4.

疾病相关 Defects in UROD are the cause of familial porphyria cutanea tarda (FPCT) [MIM:176100]; also

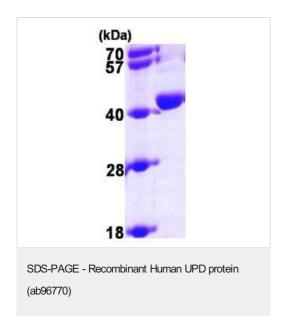
known as porphyria cutanea tarda type II. FPCT is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by light-sensitive dermatitis, with onset in later life. It is associated with the excretion of large amounts of uroporphyrin in the urine. Iron overload is often present in association with varying degrees of liver damage. Besides the familial form of PCT, a relatively common idiosyncratic form is known in which only the liver enzyme is reduced. This form is referred to as porphyria cutanea tarda "sporadic" type or type I [MIM:176090]. PCT type I occurs sporadically as an unusual accompaniment of common hepatic disorders such as alcohol-associated liver disease. Defects in UROD are the cause of hepatoerythropoietic porphyria (HEP) [MIM:176100]. HEP is a rare autosomal recessive disorder. It is the severe form of cutaneous porphyria, and presents in infancy. The level of UROD is very low in erythrocytes and cultured skin fibroblasts, suggesting that

HEP is the homozygous state for porphyria cutanea tarda.

序列相似性 Belongs to the uroporphyrinogen decarboxylase family.

细胞定位 Cytoplasm.

图片



15% SDS-PAGE showing ab96770 at approximately 43.0kDa ($3\mu g$).

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