abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Human GFAP protein ab114149

5 References 2 图像

描述

产品名称
重组人GFAP蛋白

表达系统 Wheat germ

Accession P14136

蛋白长度 Full length protein

无动物成分 No

性质 Recombinant

种属 Human

序列 MERRRITSAARRSYVSSGEMMVGGLAPGRRLGPGTRLSLARM

PPPLPTRV

DFSLAGALNAGFKETRASERAEMMELNDRFASYIEKVRFLEQ

ONKALAAE

 $\verb|LNQLRAKEPTKLADVYQAELRELRLRDQLTANSARLEVERD|$

NLAQDLAT

VRQKLQDETNLRLEAENNLAAYRQEADEATLARLDLERKIES

LEEEIRFL

RKIHEEEVRELQEQLARQQVHVELDVAKPDLTAALKEIRTQY

EAMASSNM

HEAEEWYRSKFADLTDAAARNAELLRQAKHEANDYRRQLQSL

TCDLESLR

GTNESLERQMREQEERHVREAASYQEALARLEEEGQSLKDEM

ARHLQEYQ

DLLNVKLALDIEIATYRKLLEGEENRITIPVQTFSNLQIRET SLDTKSVS EGHLKRNIVVKTVEMRDGEVIKESKQEHKDVM

预**测分子量** 76 kDa including tags

氨基酸 1 to 432

标签 GST tag N-Terminus

技术指标

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab114149 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

应**用** ELISA

1

Western blot

SDS-PAGE

形式 Liquid

补充说明

制备和贮存

稳**定性和存储** Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80℃. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.3% Glutathione, 0.79% Tris HCI

常规信息

功能 GFAP, a class-Ill intermediate filament, is a cell-specific marker that, during the development of

the central nervous system, distinguishes astrocytes from other glial cells.

组织**特异性** Expressed in cells lacking fibronectin.

疾病相关 Defects in GFAP are a cause of Alexander disease (ALEXD) [MIM:203450]. Alexander disease

is a rare disorder of the central nervous system. It is a progressive leukoencephalopathy whose hallmark is the widespread accumulation of Rosenthal fibers which are cytoplasmic inclusions in astrocytes. The most common form affects infants and young children, and is characterized by progressive failure of central myelination, usually leading to death usually within the first decade. Infants with Alexander disease develop a leukoencephalopathy with macrocephaly, seizures, and psychomotor retardation. Patients with juvenile or adult forms typically experience ataxia, bulbar

signs and spasticity, and a more slowly progressive course.

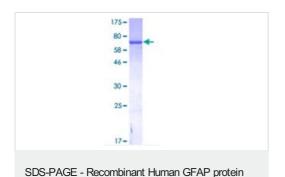
序列相似性 Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

翻译后修饰 Phosphorylated by PKN1.

细胞定位 Cytoplasm. Associated with intermediate filaments.

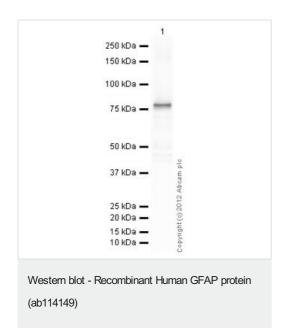
图片

(ab114149)



12.5% SDS-PAGE analysis of ab114149, stained with Coomassie Blue.

2



Anti-GFAP antibody - Astrocyte Marker (<u>ab48050</u>) at 1 μg/ml + Recombinant Human GFAP protein (ab114149) at 0.1 μg

Secondary

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) preadsorbed (ab97080) at 1/5000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Exposure time: 10 seconds

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