

Recombinant Human CLIC4 protein ab104744

★★★★★ [1 Abreviews](#) [1 References](#) [1 图像](#)

描述	
产品名称	重组人CLIC4蛋白
纯度	> 95 % SDS-PAGE. ab104744 is purified using conventional chromatography techniques.
表达系统	Escherichia coli
Accession	Q9Y696
蛋白长度	Full length protein
无动物成分	No
性质	Recombinant
种属	Human
序列	MGSSHHHHHHSSGLVPRGSHMALSMPLNGLKEEDKEPLIE LFVKAGSDGE SIGNCPFSQRLFMILWLKGVVFSVTTVDLKRKPADLQNLAPG THPPFITF NSEVKTDVNKIEEFLEEVLCPPKYLLSPKHPESNTAGMDIF AKFSAYIK NSRPEANEALERGLLKTLLQKLDEYLN SPLPDEIDENSMEDIK FSTRKFLD GNEMTLADCNLLPKLHIVKVVAKKYRNFDIPKEMTGIWRYLT NAYSRDEF TNTCPSDKEVEIAYS DVAKRLTK
预测分子量	31 kDa including tags
氨基酸	1 to 253
标签	His tag N-Terminus

技术指标	
Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab104744 in the following tested applications.	
The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.	
应用	Mass Spectrometry SDS-PAGE
质谱法	MALDI-TOF
形式	Liquid

制备和贮存

稳定性和存储

Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 8.00

Constituents: 0.0154% DTT, 0.316% Tris HCl, 10% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.58% Sodium chloride

常规信息

功能

Can insert into membranes and form poorly selective ion channels that may also transport chloride ions. Channel activity depends on the pH. Membrane insertion seems to be redox-regulated and may occur only under oxidizing conditions. Promotes cell-surface expression of HRH3. Has alternate cellular functions like a potential role in angiogenesis or in maintaining apical-basolateral membrane polarity during mitosis and cytokinesis. Could also promote endothelial cell proliferation and regulate endothelial morphogenesis (tubulogenesis).

组织特异性

Detected in epithelial cells from colon, esophagus and kidney (at protein level). Expression is prominent in heart, kidney, placenta and skeletal muscle.

序列相似性

Belongs to the chloride channel CLIC family.

Contains 1 GST C-terminal domain.

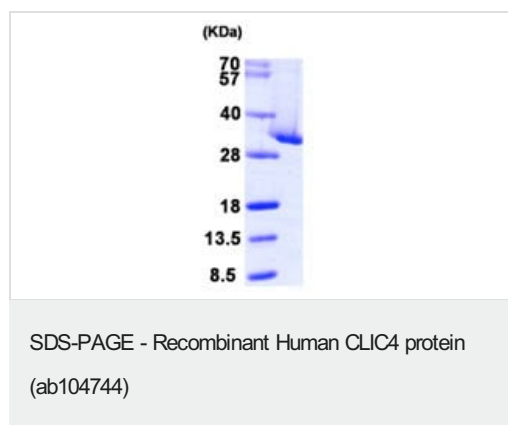
结构域

Members of this family may change from a globular, soluble state to a state where the N-terminal domain is inserted into the membrane and functions as chloride channel. A conformation change of the N-terminal domain is thought to expose hydrophobic surfaces that trigger membrane insertion.

细胞定位

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane. Nucleus matrix. Cell membrane. Mitochondrion. Cell junction. Colocalized with AKAP9 at the centrosome and midbody. Exists both as soluble cytoplasmic protein and as membrane protein with probably a single transmembrane domain. Present in an intracellular vesicular compartment that likely represent trans-Golgi network vesicles.

图片



15% SDS-PAGE (3μg).

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