abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta antibody ab5622

24 References 6 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta抗体

描述 兔多克隆抗体to Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta

宿主 Rabbit

特异性 This antibody does not detect TR alpha-1 or TRv alpha-2.

经测试应用 适用于: ICC/IF, IHC-P

种属反应性 与反应: Rat, Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta aa 62-81. With an N-

terminal added cysteine.

Sequence:

IFHLDHDDVNDQSVSSAQTF

Run BLAST with
Run BLAST with

阳性对照 IHC-P: Human colon, Human thyroid, Rat thyroid tissues. ICC: HeLa, A431 and L6 cells.

常规说明

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

存储溶液 Preservative: 0.05% Sodium azide

Constituent: 99% PBS

纯**度** Whole antiserum

 克隆
 多克隆

 同种型
 IgG

1

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab5622于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
ICC/IF		1/50 - 1/500.
IHC-P		1/100 - 1/500.

靶标

功能

High affinity receptor for triiodothyronine.

疾病相关

Defects in THRB are the cause of generalized thyroid hormone resistance (GTHR) [MIM:188570, 274300]. GTHR is transmitted as an autosomal dominant trait, but an autosomal recessive form also exists. The disease is characterized by goiter, abnormal mental functions, increased susceptibility to infections, abnormal growth and bone maturation, tachycardia and deafness. Affected individuals may also have attention deficit-hyperactivity disorders (ADHD) and language difficulties. GTHR patients also have high levels of circulating thyroid hormones (T3-T4), with normal or slightly elevated thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH).

Defects in THRB are the cause of selective pituitary thyroid hormone resistance (PRTH) [MIM:145650]; also known as familial hyperthyroidism due to inappropriate thyrotropin secretion. PRTH is a variant form of thyroid hormone resistance and is characterized by clinical

hyperthyroidism, with elevated free thyroid hormones, but inappropriately normal serum TSH. Unlike GRTH, where the syndrome usually segregates with a dominant allele, the mode of

inheritance in PRTH has not been established.

序列相似性 Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR1 subfamily.

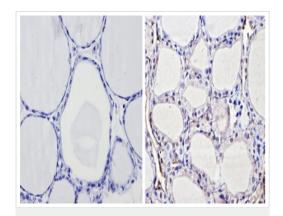
Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain.

结**构域** Composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-

terminal ligand-binding domain.

细胞定位 Nucleus.

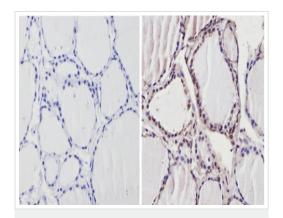
图片



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Thyroid Hormone

Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

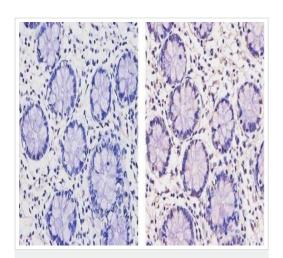
ab5622 labelling Thyroid Hormaone Receptor beta in the nucleus of Rat thyroid tissue (right) compared with a negative control (left). To expose target proteins, antigen retrieval method was performed using 10mM sodium citrate (pH 6.0) microwaved for 8-15 min. Following antigen retrieval, tissues were blocked in 3% H2O2-methanol for 15 min at room temperature. Tissue sections were incubated with the primary antibody (1:200 in 3% BSA-PBS) overnight at 4°C. A HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit lgG was used as the secondary antibody, followed by colorimetric detection using a DAB kit. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and dehydrated with ethanol and xylene to prep for mounting.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Thyroid Hormone

Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

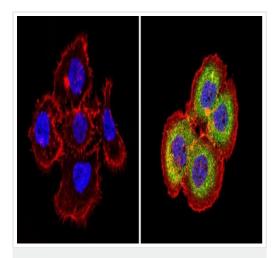
ab5622 labelling Thyroid Hormaone Receptor beta in the nucleus of Human thyroid tissue (right) compared with a negative control (left). To expose target proteins, antigen retrieval method was performed using 10mM sodium citrate (pH 6.0) microwaved for 8-15 min. Following antigen retrieval, tissues were blocked in 3% H2O2-methanol for 15 min at room temperature. Tissue sections were incubated with the primary antibody (1:200 in 3% BSA-PBS) overnight at 4°C. A HRP-conjugated anti-rabbit lgG was used as the secondary antibody, followed by colorimetric detection using a DAB kit. Tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and dehydrated with ethanol and xylene to prep for mounting.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Thyroid Hormone

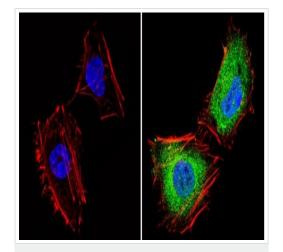
Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

ab5622 staining Thyroid Hormone Receptor in Human colon tissue sections (right) compared to negative control (left) by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffinembedded sections). Tissue was fixed with paraformaldehyde and blocked with 3% H2O2-methanol for 15 minutes at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in a citrate buffer. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/20) for 1 hour at 37°C. A HRP-conjugated secondary antibody was used for detection.



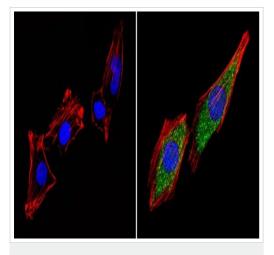
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

ab5622 staining Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta in A431 cells (right) compared to negative control (left) by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with formalin, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS and blocked with 3% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100) overnight at 4°C. A Dylight-conjugated secondary antibody was used. F-actin stained with red phallodin (red) and nuclei stained with Hoechst (blue).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

ab5622 staining Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta in Hela cells (right) compared to negative control (left) by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with forrmalin, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS and blocked with 3% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100) overnight at room temperature. A Dylight-conjugated secondary antibody was used. F-actin stained with red phallodin (red) and nuclei stained with Hoechst (blue).



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta antibody - ChIP Grade (ab5622)

ab5622 staining Thyroid Hormone Receptor beta in L6 cells (right) compared to negative control (left) by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with forrmalin, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS and blocked with 3% BSA for 30 minutes at room temperature. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100) overnight at 4°C. A Dylight-conjugated secondary antibody was used. F-actin stained with red phallodin (red) and nuclei stained with Hoechst (blue).

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