abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] ab79415



重组 RabMAb

17 References 5 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-Tau (phospho S422)抗体[EPR2866]

描述 兔单克隆抗体[EPR2866] to Tau (phospho S422)

宿主 Rabbit

特异性 The specificity of this antibody refers to P10636-8.

经测试应用 适用于: WB, Dot blot, Agglutination

不适用于: Flow Cyt,IHC-P or IP

种属反应性 与反应: Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

阳性对照 WB: IMR-32 and Okadiac acid and calyculin A treated SH-SY5Y cell lysates.

常规说明 This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

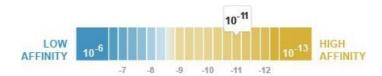
Mouse, Rat: We have preliminary internal testing data to indicate this antibody may not react with these species. Please contact us for more information.

性能

形式 Liquid

Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C. 存放说明

解离常数(K_□) $K_D = 7.74 \times 10^{-11} M$



Learn more about K_D

存储溶液 pH: 7.20

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 0.31% Sodium citrate, 0.175% Sodium chloride, 0.0172% EDTA disodium salt,

59% PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA

纯**度** Protein A purified

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise quarantee Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab79415于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		1/10000 - 1/20000. Detects a band of approximately 50-70 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 79 kDa).
Dot blot		1/1000.
Agglutination		1/1000.

应**用说明** Is unsuitable for Flow Cyt,IHC-P or IP.

靶标

功能

Promotes microtubule assembly and stability, and might be involved in the establishment and maintenance of neuronal polarity. The C-terminus binds axonal microtubules while the N-terminus binds neural plasma membrane components, suggesting that tau functions as a linker protein between both. Axonal polarity is predetermined by tau localization (in the neuronal cell) in the domain of the cell body defined by the centrosome. The short isoforms allow plasticity of the cytoskeleton whereas the longer isoforms may preferentially play a role in its stabilization.

组织特异性

Expressed in neurons. Isoform PNS-tau is expressed in the peripheral nervous system while the others are expressed in the central nervous system.

疾病相关

Note=In Alzheimer disease, the neuronal cytoskeleton in the brain is progressively disrupted and replaced by tangles of paired helical filaments (PHF) and straight filaments, mainly composed of hyperphosphorylated forms of TAU (PHF-TAU or AD P-TAU).

Defects in MAPT are a cause of frontotemporal dementia (FTD) [MIM:600274]; also called frontotemporal dementia (FTD), pallido-ponto-nigral degeneration (PPND) or historically termed Pick complex. This form of frontotemporal dementia is characterized by presentle dementia with behavioral changes, deterioration of cognitive capacities and loss of memory. In some cases, parkinsonian symptoms are prominent. Neuropathological changes include frontotemporal atrophy often associated with atrophy of the basal ganglia, substantia nigra, amygdala. In most cases, protein tau deposits are found in glial cells and/or neurons.

Defects in MAPT are a cause of Pick disease of the brain (PIDB) [MIM:172700]. It is a rare form of dementia pathologically defined by severe atrophy, neuronal loss and gliosis. It is characterized

by the occurrence of tau-positive inclusions, swollen neurons (Pick cells) and argentophilic neuronal inclusions known as Pick bodies that disproportionally affect the frontal and temporal cortical regions. Clinical features include aphasia, apraxia, confusion, anomia, memory loss and personality deterioration.

Note=Defects in MAPT are a cause of corticobasal degeneration (CBD). It is marked by extrapyramidal signs and apraxia and can be associated with memory loss. Neuropathologic features may overlap Alzheimer disease, progressive supranuclear palsy, and Parkinson disease.

Defects in MAPT are a cause of progressive supranuclear palsy type 1 (PSNP1) [MIM:601104, 260540]; also abbreviated as PSP and also known as Steele-Richardson-Olszewski syndrome. PSNP1 is characterized by akinetic-rigid syndrome, supranuclear gaze palsy, pyramidal tract dysfunction, pseudobulbar signs and cognitive capacities deterioration. Neurofibrillary tangles and gliosis but no amyloid plaques are found in diseased brains. Most cases appear to be sporadic, with a significant association with a common haplotype including the MAPT gene and the flanking regions. Familial cases show an autosomal dominant pattern of transmission with incomplete penetrance; genetic analysis of a few cases showed the occurrence of tau mutations, including a deletion of Asn-613.

Contains 4 Tau/MAP repeats.

Four-repeat (type II) tau is expressed in an adult-specific manner and is not found in fetal brain, whereas three-repeat (type I) tau is found in both adult and fetal brain.

The tau/MAP repeat binds to tubulin. Type I isoforms contain 3 repeats while type II isoforms contain 4 repeats.

Phosphorylation at serine and threonine residues in S-P or T-P motifs by proline-directed protein kinases (PDPK: CDK1, CDK5, GSK-3, MAPK) (only 2-3 sites per protein in interphase, seven-fold increase in mitosis, and in PHF-tau), and at serine residues in K-X-G-S motifs by MAP/microtubule affinity-regulating kinase (MARK) in Alzheimer diseased brains. Phosphorylation decreases with age. Phosphorylation within tau's repeat domain or in flanking regions seems to reduce tau's interaction with, respectively, microtubules or plasma membrane components. Phosphorylation on Ser-610, Ser-622, Ser-641 and Ser-673 in several isoforms

Polyubiquitinated. Requires functional TRAF6 and may provoke SQSTM1-dependent degradation by the proteasome (By similarity). PHF-tau can be modified by three different forms of polyubiquitination. 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination is the major form, 'Lys-6'-linked and 'Lys-11'-linked polyubiquitination also occur.

Glycation of PHF-tau, but not normal brain tau. Glycation is a non-enzymatic post-translational modification that involves a covalent linkage between a sugar and an amino group of a protein molecule forming ketoamine. Subsequent oxidation, fragmentation and/or cross-linking of ketoamine leads to the production of advanced glycation endproducts (AGES). Glycation may play a role in stabilizing PHF aggregation leading to tangle formation in AD.

Cytoplasm > cytosol. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton. Cell projection > axon. Mostly found in the axons of neurons, in the cytosol and in association with plasma membrane components.

There are 9 isoforms produced by alternative splicing.

序列相似性

发展阶段

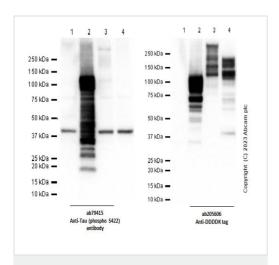
结构域

翻译后修饰

细胞定位

形式

图片



Western blot - Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415)

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : 293T cells transfected with an empty vector containing a flag tag whole cell lysate

Lanes 2-3: 293T cells transfected with a human Tau expression vector containing a flag whole cell lysate

Lane 4: 293T cells transfected with a human MAP4 expression vector containing a flag whole cell lysate 20µg

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051)

Predicted band size: 79 kDa

Exposure time: 1 second

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Western blot for <u>ab205606</u> on the right hand side used as a control for flag tag used.

1 2

250 kDa —
150 kDa —
100 kDa —
75 kDa —
50 kDa —
25 kDa —
20 kDa —
15 kDa —
10 kDa —

15 kDa —
10 kDa —

17 kDa —
18 kDa —
19 kDa —
19 kDa —
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11 kDa —
12 kDa —
13 kDa —
14 kDa —
15 kDa —
15 kDa —
16 kDa —
17 kDa —
18 kDa —
19 kDa —
19 kDa —
10 kDa —
10

Western blot - Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415)

All lanes : Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : IMR-32 (human neuroblastoma neuroblast) whole cell lysate

Lane 2: IMR-32 (human neuroblastoma neuroblast) whole cell lysate. The membrane was incubated with phosphatase.

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 79 kDa **Observed band size:** 55 kDa

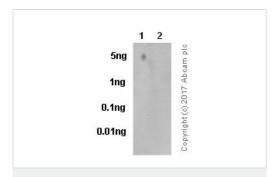
Exposure time: 3 minutes

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Dot blot analysis of Tau (pS422) peptide (Lane 1) and Tau non-phospho peptide (Lane 2) labelling Tau (pS422) with ab79415 at a dilution of 1/1000. <u>ab97051</u> (Peroxidase-conjugated goat antirabbit lgG (H+L)) was used as the secondary antibody at a dilution of 1/100000.

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Exposure time: 3 minutes.



Dot Blot - Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415)

1 2 kDa 250-150-100-75-50-37-25-20-15-

Western blot - Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415)

All lanes : Anti-Tau (phospho S422) antibody [EPR2866] (ab79415) at 1/20000 dilution

Lane 1: SH-SY5Y cell lysates

Lane 2: SH-SY5Y cell lysates treated with Okadiac acid and

calyculin A

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: HRP labelled goat anti-rabbit at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 79 kDa **Observed band size:** 55 kDa



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