abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-SMC1A (phospho S966) antibody ab1276

★★★★★ 2 Abreviews 17 References 4 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-SMC1A (phospho S966)抗体

描述 兔多克隆抗体to SMC1A (phospho S966)

宿主 Rabbit

经测试应用 适用于: ICC, IP, WB

种属反应性 与反应: Human

预测可用于: Rhesus monkey, Orangutan 4

免疫原 Synthetic peptide within SMC1A (phospho S966) conjugated to keyhole limpet haemocyanin. The

exact immunogen sequence used to generate this antibody is proprietary information. If additional detail on the immunogen is needed to determine the suitability of the antibody for your needs,

please **contact** our Scientific Support team to discuss your requirements.

Database link: Q14683

阳性对照 WB: Jurkat whole cell lysate. IP: Jurkat whole cell lysate. ICC: HeLa and SKN cells.

常规说明

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

存储溶液 pH: 7

Preservative: 0.1% Sodium azide

Constituents: 0.021% PBS, 1.764% Sodium citrate, 1.815% Tris

纯**度** Immunogen affinity purified

纯**化说明** Antibodies that were not phospho-specific were removed by solid phase absorption. Antibodies

specific for SMC1A pSer957 were affinity purified using the phosphopeptide immobilized onsolid

support.

1

克隆 多克隆

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee Abpro

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab1276于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应 用	Ab评论	说明
ICC	★★★★ <u>(1)</u>	1/500 - 1/5000.
IP		Use at 2-5 µg/mg of lysate.
WB	★★★★☆ (1)	1/500 - 1/5000. Detects a band of approximately 160 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 143 kDa).

靶标

功能

Involved in chromosome cohesion during cell cycle and in DNA repair. Central component of cohesin complex. The cohesin complex is required for the cohesion of sister chromatids after DNA replication. The cohesin complex apparently forms a large proteinaceous ring within which sister chromatids can be trapped. At anaphase, the complex is cleaved and dissociates from chromatin, allowing sister chromatids to segregate. The cohesin complex may also play a role in spindle pole assembly during mitosis. Involved in DNA repair via its interaction with BRCA1 and its related phosphorylation by ATM, or via its phosphorylation by ATR. Works as a downstream effector both in the ATM/NBS1 branch and in the ATR/MSH2 branch of S-phase checkpoint.

疾病相关

Defects in SMC1A are the cause of Cornelia de Lange syndrome type 2 (CDLS2) [MIM:300590]; also known as Cornelia de Lange syndrome X-linked. CDLS is a clinically heterogeneous developmental disorder associated with malformations affecting multiple systems. CDLS is characterized by facial dysmorphisms, abnormal hands and feet, growth delay, cognitive retardation and various other malformations including gastroesophageal dysfunction and cardiac, ophthalmologic and genitourinary anomalies.

序列相似性

Belongs to the SMC family. SMC1 subfamily.

结构域

The flexible hinge domain, which separates the large intramolecular coiled coil regions, allows the heterotypic interaction with the corresponding domain of SMC3, forming a V-shaped heterodimer. The two heads of the heterodimer are then connected by different ends of the cleavable RAD21 protein, forming a ring structure.

翻译后修饰

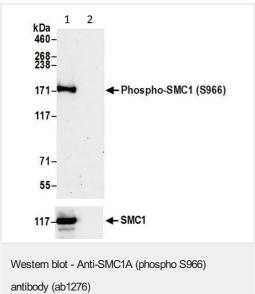
Phosphorylated by ATM upon ionizing radiation in a NBS1-dependent manner. Phosphorylated by ATR upon DNA methylation in a MSH2/MSH6-dependent manner. Phosphorylation of Ser-957 and Ser-966 activates it and is required for S-phase checkpoint activation.

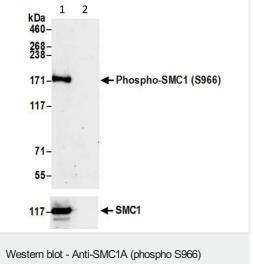
细胞定位

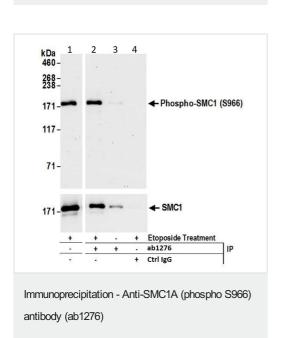
Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome > centromere > kinetochore. Associates with chromatin. Before prophase it is scattered along chromosome arms. During prophase, most of cohesin complexes dissociate from chromatin probably because of phosphorylation by PLK, except at centromeres, where cohesin complexes remain. At anaphase, the RAD21 subunit of the cohesin complex is cleaved, leading to the dissociation of the complex from chromosomes, allowing chromosome separation. In germ cells, cohesin complex dissociates from chromatin at prophase

I, and may be replaced by a meiosis-specific cohesin complex. The phosphorylated form on Ser-957 and Ser-966 associates with chromatin during G1/S/G2 phases but not during M phase, suggesting that phosphorylation does not regulate cohesin function. Integral component of the functional centromere-kinetochore complex at the kinetochore region during mitosis.

图片







All lanes: Anti-SMC1A (phospho S966) antibody (ab1276) at 0.1 µg/ml

Lane 1: Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia cell line from peripheral blood) whole cell lysate with 100 µM etoposide (+)

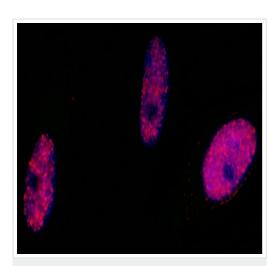
Lane 2: Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia cell line from peripheral blood) whole cell lysate with 100 μM etoposide (-)

Lysates/proteins at 50 µg per lane.

Predicted band size: 143 kDa

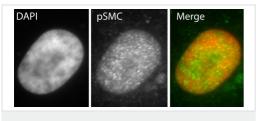
Exposure time: 3 minutes

SMC1A was immunoprecipitated from 1mg of Jurkat (Human T cell leukemia cell line from peripheral blood) whole cell lysate treated with 100 µM etoposide (+) or mock treated (-) with ab1276 at 1 μg/ml. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using ab1276 at 1/1000 dilution.



Immunocytochemistry - Anti-SMC1A (phospho S966) antibody (ab1276)

Immunocytochemistry analysis of neocarzinostatin treated asynchronous HeLa cells labelling SMC1A (phospho S966) with ab1276 at 1/5000 (0.2 μ g/ml). A DyLight® 594-conjugated antirabbit lgG (1/100) was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry - Anti-SMC1A (phospho S966) antibody (ab1276)

This image was submitted as part of a review by Kirk McManus, University of British Columbia

ICC of SKN cells cultured on coverslips were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and then stained with Rabbit polyclonal to SMC1A (phospho S966), ab1276 (green) at a working dilution of 1/200. The DNA stained with DAPI is shown in red. (100x magnification).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- · Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- · Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise,

please visit https://www.abcam.cn/abpromise or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors