abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] ab2765

★★★★★ 6 Abreviews 33 References 4 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-Progesterone Receptor抗体[Alpha PR6]

描述 小鼠单克隆抗体[Alpha PR6] to Progesterone Receptor

宿主 Mouse

特异性 Detects the B form of the progesterone receptor (PR). This antibody does not cross-react with

estrogen receptor or glucocorticoid receptor.

经测试应用 适用于: IHC-P, WB, Flow Cyt, ICC/IF

种属反应性 与反应: Human

免疫原 Full length protein corresponding to Chicken Progesterone Receptor. Progesterone receptor

purified from chick oviduct cytosol.

常规说明

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

存储溶液 Preservative: 0.05% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

纯**度** Protein G purified

克隆 单克隆

克隆编号 Alpha PR6

同种型 lgG2a

应用

1

The Abpromise quarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab2765于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度:实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
IHC-P	★★★★ (5)	Use a concentration of 5 µg/ml.
WB		Use a concentration of 1 µg/ml. Predicted molecular weight: 99 kDa.
Flow Cyt		Use 0.5µg for 10 ⁶ cells. ab170191 - Mouse monoclonal lgG2a, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
ICC/IF	★★★★☆ (1)	Use at an assay dependent concentration.

靶标

功能

The steroid hormones and their receptors are involved in the regulation of eukaryotic gene expression and affect cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Progesterone receptor isoform B (PRB) is involved activation of c-SRC/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.

Isoform A: inactive in stimulating c-Src/MAPK signaling on hormone stimulation.

lsoform 4: Increases mitochondrial membrane potential and cellular respiration upon stimulation by progesterone.

Belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family. NR3 subfamily.

Contains 1 nuclear receptor DNA-binding domain.

Composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-terminal ligand-binding domain.

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Phosphorylated on multiple serine sites. Several of these sites are hormone-dependent. Phosphorylation on Ser-294 occurs preferentially on isoform B, is highly hormone-dependent and modulates ubiquitination and sumoylation on Lys-388. Phosphorylation on Ser-102 and Ser-345 also requires induction by hormone. Basal phosphorylation on Ser-81, Ser-162, Ser-190 and Ser-400 is increased in response to progesterone and can be phosphorylated in vitro by the CDK2-A1 complex. Increased levels of phosphorylation on Ser-400 also in the presence of EGF, heregulin, IGF, PMA and FBS. Phosphorylation at this site by CDK2 is ligand-independent, and increases nuclear translocation and transcriptional activity. Phosphorylation at Ser-162 and Ser-294, but not at Ser-190, is impaired during the G(2)/M phase of the cell cycle. Phosphorylation on Ser-345 by ERK1/2 MAPK is required for interaction with SP1.

Sumoylation is hormone-dependent and represses transcriptional activity. Sumoylation on all three sites is enhanced by PIAS3. Desumoylated by SENP1. Sumoylation on Lys-388, the main site of sumoylation, is repressed by ubiquitination on the same site, and modulated by phosphorylation at Ser-294.

Ubiquitination is hormone-dependent and represses sumoylation on the same site. Promoted by MAPK-mediated phosphorylation on Ser-294.

Palmitoylated by ZDHHC7 and ZDHHC21. Palmitoylation is required for plasma membrane targeting and for rapid intracellular signaling via ERK and AKT kinases and cAMP generation.

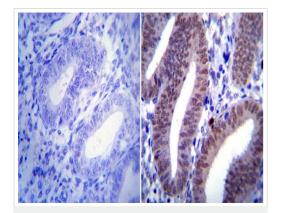
Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleoplasmic shuttling is both homone- and cell cycle-dependent. On

序列相似性

结**构域**

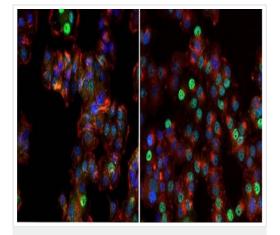
翻译后修饰

图片



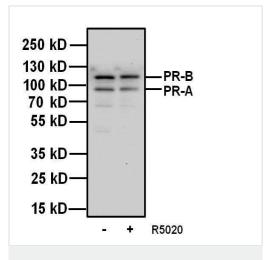
Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] (ab2765)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) was performed on human uterus tissue. Antigen retrieval was performed using 10mM sodium citrate followed by microwave treatment for 8-15 minutes. Endogenous peroxidases were blocked in 3% H202-methanol for 15 minutes and tissues were blocked in 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were incubated with ab2765 (1:20) overnight in a humidified chamber. Tissues were washed in PBST and detection was performed using a secondary antibody conjugated to HRP. DAB staining buffer was applied and tissues were counterstained with hematoxylin and prepped for mounting. Images were taken at 40X magnification.

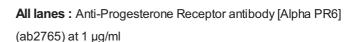


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] - ChIP Grade (ab2765)

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of T47D cells untreated (left) or stimulated with 100nm promegestone for 1 hour (right), labeling Progesterone Receptor with ab2765 (green). The cells were fixed with formalin for 15 minutes, permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 10 minutes, and blocked with 3% Blocker BSA for 15 minutes at room temperature. Cells were stained with Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] - ChIP Grade (ab2765) at a dilution of 1/100 for 1 hour at 37C, and then incubated with a Alexa Fluor 488 goat anti-mouse IgG secondary antibody at a dilution of 1/1000 for 30 minutes at room temperature (both panels, green). Nuclei (both panels, blue) were stained with Hoechst 33342 dye.



Western blot - Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] - ChIP Grade (ab2765)



Lane 1: T47D cell lysate untreated (-)

Lane 2: T47D cell lysate stimulated (+) with 100 nm promegestone

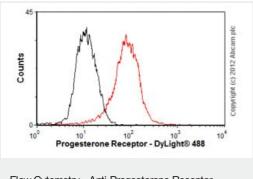
for 1 hour

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: Goat anti-Mouse IgG-HRP at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 99 kDa



Flow Cytometry - Anti-Progesterone Receptor antibody [Alpha PR6] - ChIP Grade (ab2765)

Overlay histogram showing T47D cells stained with ab2765 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab2765, 0.5µg/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was DyLight® 488 goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L) (ab96879) at 1/500 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was mouse IgG2a [ICIGG2A] (ab91361, 2µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >5,000 events was performed.

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