abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant human Plasminogen protein (Active) ab200264

描述

产品名称 重组人Plasminogen蛋白(Active)

生物活性 Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The activity is assayed on anti-proliferation

and anti-migration of endothelial cells in vitro and antiangiogenesis in vivo. The specific activity of

anti-migration of endothelial cells in vitro is 0.55×10⁵Units/mg.

纯**度** > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

>95% HPLC analyses.

内毒素水平 < 1.000 Eu/μg 表达系统 Escherichia coli

Accession P00747

蛋白长度 Protein fragment

无动物成分 No

性质 Recombinant

种属 Human

序列 VYLSECKTGN GKNYRGTMSK TKNGITCQKW

SSTSPHRPRF SPATHPSEGL EENYCRNPDN
DPQGPWCYTT DPEKRYDYCD ILECEECMH
CSGENYDGKI SKTMSGLECQ AWDSQSPHAH
GYIPSKFPNK NLKKNYCRNP DRELRPWCFT
TDPNKRWELC DIPRCTTPPP SSGPTYQCLK
GTGENYRGNV AVTVSGHTCQ HWSAQTPHTH
NRTPENFPCK NLDENYCRNP DGKRAPWCHT

TNSQVRWEYC KIPSCDSSP

预**测分子量** 30 kDa **氨基酸** 98 to 356

技术指标

Our **Abpromise guarantee** covers the use of **ab200264** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

应用 Functional Studies

HPLC

SDS-PAGE

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形式 Lyophilized

补充说明 Endotoxin level determined by LAL method.

制备和贮存

稳定性和存储 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 5.50

Constituents: 4% Mannitol, 0.16% Sodium acetate

This product is an active protein and may elicit a biological response in vivo, handle with caution.

复溶 We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the

bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1% BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Upon reconstitution, the preparation is stable for up to one week at 2-8°C. For maximal stability, apportion the reconstituted preparation into working aliquots and

store at -20°C to -70°C.

常规信息

序列相似性

功能 Plasmin dissolves the fibrin of blood clots and acts as a proteolytic factor in a variety of other

processes including embryonic development, tissue remodeling, tumor invasion, and inflammation. In ovulation, weakens the walls of the Graafian follicle. It activates the urokinase-type plasminogen activator, collagenases and several complement zymogens, such as C1 and C5. Cleavage of fibronectin and laminin leads to cell detachment and apoptosis. Also cleaves fibrin, thrombospondin and von Willebrand factor. Its role in tissue remodeling and tumor invasion may

be modulated by CSPG4. Binds to cells.

Angiostatin is an angiogenesis inhibitor that blocks neovascularization and growth of

experimental primary and metastatic tumors in vivo.

组织特异性 Present in plasma and many other extracellular fluids. It is synthesized in the liver.

疾病相关 Defects in PLG are a cause of susceptibility to thrombosis (THR) [MIM:188050]. It is a

multifactorial disorder of hemostasis characterized by abnormal platelet aggregation in response

to various agents and recurrent thrombi formation.

Defects in PLG are the cause of plasminogen deficiency (PLGD) [MIM:217090]. PLGD is characterized by decreased serum plasminogen activity. Two forms of the disorder are

distinguished: type 1 deficiency is additionally characterized by decreased plasminogen antigen levels and clinical symptoms, whereas type 2 deficiency, also known as dysplasminogenemia, is characterized by normal, or slightly reduced antigen levels, and absence of clinical manifestations.

Plasminogen deficiency type 1 results in markedly impaired extracellular fibrinolysis and chronic mucosal pseudomembranous lesions due to subepithelial fibrin deposition and inflammation. The most common clinical manifestation of type 1 deficiency is ligneous conjunctivitis in which

pseudomembranes formation on the palpebral surfaces of the eye progresses to white, yellowwhite, or red thick masses with a wood-like consistency that replace the normal mucosa.

Belongs to the peptidase S1 family. Plasminogen subfamily.

Contains 5 kringle domains.
Contains 1 PAN domain.

Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain.

结构域 Kringle domains mediate interaction with CSPG4.

翻译后修饰 N-linked glycan contains N-acetyllactosamine and sialic acid. O-linked glycans consist of Gal-

GalNAc disaccharide modified with up to 2 sialic acid residues (microheterogeneity).

In the presence of the inhibitor, the activation involves only cleavage after Arg-580, yielding two chains held together by two disulfide bonds. In the absence of the inhibitor, the activation involves additionally the removal of the activation peptide.

细胞定位

Secreted. Locates to the cell surface where it is proteolytically cleaved to produce the active plasmin. Interaction with HRG tethers it to the cell surface.

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