abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-RGS14 antibody ab96674

4 References 1 图像

概述

产**品名称** Anti-RGS14抗体

描述 兔多克隆抗体to RGS14

宿主 Rabbit

经测试应用 适用于: WB

种属反应性 与反应: Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide corresponding to a region within amino acids 504-566 of Human RGS14

(NP 006471).

阳性对照 MOLT4 and Raji cell lysates

常规说明

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or

contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquic

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

存储溶液 pH: 7.00

Preservative: 0.01% Thimerosal (merthiolate)

Constituents: 1.21% Tris, 0.75% Glycine, 10% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

纯**度** Immunogen affinity purified

克隆 多克隆

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab96674于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		1/500 - 1/3000. Predicted molecular weight: 65 kDa.

靶标

功能

Acts as a regulator of G protein signaling (RGS). Modulates G protein alpha subunits nucleotide exchange and hydrolysis activities by functioning either as a GTPase-activating protein (GAP), thereby driving G protein alpha subunits into their inactive GDP-bound form, or as a GDP-dissociation inhibitor (GDI). Confers GDI activity on G(i) alpha subunits GNAl1 and GNAl3, but not G(o) alpha subunit GNA01 and G(i) alpha subunit GNAl2. Confers GAP activity on G(o) alpha subunit GNAl0 and G(i) alpha subunits GNAl2 and GNAl3. May act as a scaffold integrating G protein and Ras/Raf MAPkinase signaling pathways. Inhibits platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF)-stimulated ERK1/ERK2 phosphorylation; a process depending on its interaction with HRAS1 and that is reversed by G(i) alpha subunit GNAl1. Acts as a positive modulator of microtubule polymerisation and spindle organization through a G(i)-alpha-dependent mechanism. Plays a role in cell division. Probably required for the nerve growth factor (NGF)-mediated neurite outgrowth. May be involved in visual memory processing capacity and hippocampal-based learning and memory.

序列相似性

Contains 1 GoLoco domain.

Contains 2 RBD (Ras-binding) domains.

Contains 1 RGS domain.

结构域

The RGS domain is necessary for GTPase-activating protein (GAP) activity for G subunits and localization to the nucleus and centrosomes.

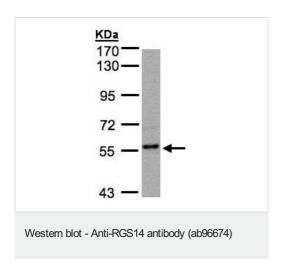
The GoLoco domain is necessary for GDP-dissociation inhibitor (GDI) activity, translocation out of the nucleus and interaction with G(i) alpha subunits GNAI1, GNAI2 and GNAI3. The RBD domains are necessary for localization to the nucleus and centrosomes.

翻译后修饰

Phosphorylated by PKC. Phosphorylation is increased in presence of forskolin and may enhance the GDI activity on G(i) alpha subunit GNAI1.

细胞定位

Nucleus. Nucleus > PML body. Cytoplasm. Membrane. Cell membrane. Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton > centrosome. Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton > spindle. Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton > spindle pole. Cell projection > dendrite. Cell projection > dendritic spine. Cell junction > synapse > postsynaptic cell membrane > postsynaptic density. Associates with the perinuclear sheaths of microtubules (MTs) surrounding the pronuclei, prior to segregating to the anastral mitotic apparatus and subsequently the barrel-shaped cytoplasmic bridge between the nascent nuclei of the emerging 2-cell embryo. Localizes to a perinuclear compartment near the microtubule-organizing center (MTOC). Expressed in the nucleus during interphase and segregates to the centrosomes and astral MTs during mitosis. Relocalizes to the nucleus in PML nuclear bodies in response to heat stress. Colocalizes with RIC8A in CA2 hippocampal neurons. Localizes to spindle poles during metaphase. Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm in a CRM1-dependent manner. Recruited from the cytosol to the plasma membrane by the inactive GDP-bound forms of G(i) alpha subunits GNAI1 and GNAI3. Recruited from the cytosol to membranes by the active GTP-bound form of HRAS1. Colocalizes with BRAF and RAF1 in both the cytoplasm and membranes.



Anti-RGS14 antibody (ab96674) at 1/500 dilution + MOLT4 whole cell lysate at 30 μg

Predicted band size: 65 kDa

7.5% SDS PAGE

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