abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] ab154812





重组 RabMAb

★★★★★ 1 Abreviews 11 References 6 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-PTEN抗体[EPR9941]

描述 兔单克隆抗体[EPR9941] to PTEN

宿主 Rabbit

适用于: WB 经测试应用

种属反应性 与反应: Mouse, Rat, Human

免疫原 Recombinant full length protein corresponding to Human PTEN.

阳性对照 HeLa, MCF7, 293T and A431 cell lysates; Human breast carcinoma tissue and Human colon

tissue; Mouse brain Lysate and Rat brain Lysate

常规说明 This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility

- Improved sensitivity and specificity

- Long-term security of supply

- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C.

存储溶液 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA, 59% PBS

纯度 Protein A purified

克隆 单**克隆** 克隆编号 **EPR9941**

同种型 ΙgG

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab154812于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		1/1000 - 1/10000. Predicted molecular weight: 47 kDa. For unpurified use at 1/40.

靶标

功能

Tumor suppressor. Acts as a dual-specificity protein phosphatase, dephosphorylating tyrosine-, serine- and threonine-phosphorylated proteins. Also acts as a lipid phosphatase, removing the phosphate in the D3 position of the inositol ring from phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate, phosphatidylinositol 3,4-diphosphate, phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate and inositol 1,3,4,5tetrakisphosphate with order of substrate preference in vitro Ptdlns(3,4,5)P3 > Ptdlns(3,4)P2 > Ptdlns3P > lns(1,3,4,5)P4. The lipid phosphatase activity is critical for its tumor suppressor function. Antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway by dephosphorylating phosphoinositides and thereby modulating cell cycle progression and cell survival. The unphosphorylated form cooperates with AIP1 to suppress AKT1 activation. Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated focal adhesion kinase and inhibits cell migration and integrin-mediated cell spreading and focal adhesion formation. Plays a role as a key modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including correct neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation. May be a negative regulator of insulin signaling and glucose metabolism in adipose tissue. The nuclear monoubiquitinated form possesses greater apoptotic potential, whereas the cytoplasmic nonubiquitinated form induces less tumor suppressive ability. In motile cells, suppresses the formation of lateral pseudopods and thereby promotes cell polarization and directed movement.

Isoform alpha: Functional kinase, like isoform 1 it antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway. Plays a role in mitochondrial energetic metabolism by promoting COX activity and ATP production, via collaboration with isoform 1 in increasing protein levels of PINK1.

Expressed at a relatively high level in all adult tissues, including heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, muscle, kidney and pancreas.

Cowden syndrome 1

Lhermitte-Duclos disease

Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba syndrome

Squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck

Endometrial cancer

PTEN mutations are found in a subset of patients with Proteus syndrome, a genetically heterogeneous condition. The molecular diagnosis of PTEN mutation positive cases classifies Proteus syndrome patients as part of the PTEN hamartoma syndrome spectrum. As such, patients surviving the early years of Proteus syndrome are likely at a greater risk of developing malignancies.

Glioma 2

VACTERL association with hydrocephalus

Prostate cancer

Macrocephaly/autism syndrome

A microdeletion of chromosome 10q23 involving BMPR1A and PTEN is a cause of chromosome

2

组织特异性

疾病相关

10q23 deletion syndrome, which shows overlapping features of the following three disorders: Bannayan-Zonana syndrome, Cowden disease and juvenile polyposis syndrome.

Contains 1 C2 tensin-type domain.

Contains 1 phosphatase tensin-type domain.

结**构域** The C2 domain binds phospholipid membranes in vitro in a Ca(2+)-independent manner; this

binding is important for its tumor suppressor function.

翻译后修饰 Constitutively phosphorylated by CK2 under normal conditions. Phosphorylated in vitro by

MAST1, MAST2, MAST3 and STK11. Phosphorylation results in an inhibited activity towards PIP3. Phosphorylation can both inhibit or promote PDZ-binding. Phosphorylation at Tyr-336 by FRK/PTK5 protects this protein from ubiquitin-mediated degradation probably by inhibiting its

binding to NEDD4. Phosphorylation by ROCK1 is essential for its stability and activity.

Phosphorylation by PLK3 promotes its stability and prevents its degradation by the proteasome. Monoubiquitinated; monoubiquitination is increased in presence of retinoic acid. Deubiquitinated by USP7; leading to its nuclear exclusion. Monoubiquitination of one of either Lys-13 and Lys-289 amino acid is sufficient to modulate PTEN compartmentalization. Ubiquitinated by XIAP/BIRC4.

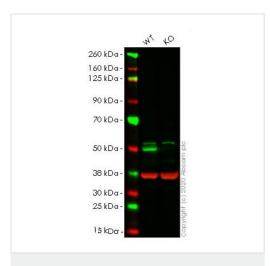
Secreted. May be secreted via a classical signal peptide and reenter into cells with the help of a poly-Arg motif and Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Monoubiquitinated form is nuclear. Nonubiquitinated form is cytoplasmic. Colocalized with PML and USP7 in PML nuclear bodies.

XIAP/BIRC4 promotes its nuclear localization.

图片

细胞定位

序列相似性



Western blot - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812)

All lanes: Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate

Lane 2: PTEN knockout HeLa cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

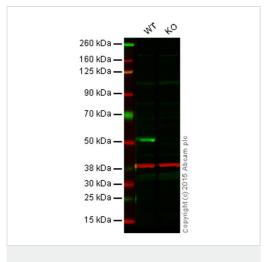
Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 47 kDa **Observed band size:** 47 kDa

Lanes 1-2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab154812 observed at 47 kDa. Red - Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) observed at 37 kDa.

ab154812 was shown to react with PTEN in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab255419 (knockout cell lysate ab263829) was used. Wild-type HeLa and PTEN knockout HeLa cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room

temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. ab154812 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) overnight at 4°C at a 1 in 10000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (IRDye®800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse lgG H&L (IRDye®680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Western blot - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812)

All lanes : Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1: Wild-type HAP1 cell lysate

Lane 2: PTEN knockout HAP1 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Predicted band size: 47 kDa

Lanes 1 and 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab154812 observed at 51 kDa. Red - loading control, **ab8245**, observed at 37 kDa.

ab154812 was shown to specifically recognize PTEN in wild-type HAP1 cells. No band was observed when PTEN knockout samples were used. Wild-type and PTEN knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE, ab154812 and <u>ab8245</u> (loading control to GAPDH) were diluted 1/1000 and 1/2000 respectively and incubated overnight at 4°C. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (<u>ab216773</u>) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (<u>ab216776</u>) secondary antibodies at 1/10,000 dilution for 1hr at room temperature before imaging.



Western blot - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812)



Lane 1 : Mouse brain Lysate

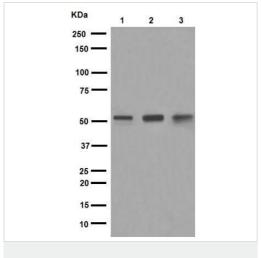
Lane 2 : Rat brain Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), HRP- conjugated at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 47 kDa **Observed band size:** 54 kDa



Western blot - Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812)

All lanes: Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812) at 1/1000

Lane 1: HeLa cell Lysate

Lane 2: Neuro-2a cell Lysate

Lane 3: Rat spleen cell Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

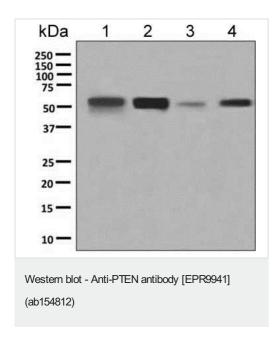
Secondary

dilution

All lanes: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), HRP- conjugated at 1/1000

dilution

Predicted band size: 47 kDa **Observed band size:** 54 kDa



All lanes : Anti-PTEN antibody [EPR9941] (ab154812) at 1/1000 dilution (unpurified)

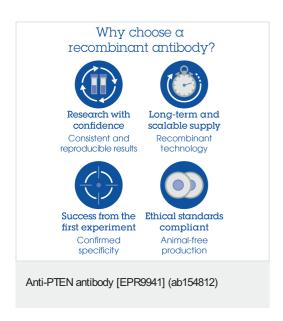
Lane 1 : HeLa cell lysate
Lane 2 : MCF7 cell lysate
Lane 3 : 293T cell lysate
Lane 4 : A431 cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: Goat anti-rabbit HRP at 1/2000 dilution

Predicted band size: 47 kDa



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