

Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] ab32132

重组 RabMAb[®]

★★★★★ [4 Abreviews](#) [5 References](#) [9 图像](#)

概述

产品名称	Anti-p53 (phospho S6)抗体[Y179]
描述	兔单克隆抗体[Y179] to p53 (phospho S6)
宿主	Rabbit
特异性	ab32132 detects p53 phosphorylation on Serine 6. Predicted to react with p53 beta and gamma isoform, based on sequence homology.
经测试应用	适用于: WB, IHC-P, IP 不适用于: Flow Cyt or ICC/IF
种属反应性	与反应: Human
免疫原	Recombinant fragment. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
阳性对照	WB: MCF7 cell lysate. IHC-P: human urinary bladder carcinoma. IP: HeLa cell lysates
常规说明	This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility - Improved sensitivity and specificity - Long-term security of supply - Animal-free production For more information see here . Our RabMAb [®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to RabMAb[®] patents .

性能

形式	Liquid
存放说明	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
存储溶液	pH: 7.20 Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide Constituents: 49% PBS, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA
纯度	Protein A purified
克隆	单克隆
克隆编号	Y179

同种型

IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab32132于以下的经测试应用

“应用说明”部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB	★★★★★ (3)	1/1000 - 1/5000. Detects a band of approximately 53 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 44 kDa).
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
IP		1/50.

应用说明

Is unsuitable for Flow Cyt or ICC/IF.

靶标

功能

Acts as a tumor suppressor in many tumor types; induces growth arrest or apoptosis depending on the physiological circumstances and cell type. Involved in cell cycle regulation as a trans-activator that acts to negatively regulate cell division by controlling a set of genes required for this process. One of the activated genes is an inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases. Apoptosis induction seems to be mediated either by stimulation of BAX and FAS antigen expression, or by repression of Bcl-2 expression. Implicated in Notch signaling cross-over. Isoform 2 enhances the transactivation activity of isoform 1 from some but not all TP53-inducible promoters. Isoform 4 suppresses transactivation activity and impairs growth suppression mediated by isoform 1. Isoform 7 inhibits isoform 1-mediated apoptosis.

组织特异性

Ubiquitous. Isoforms are expressed in a wide range of normal tissues but in a tissue-dependent manner. Isoform 2 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, lung, prostate, muscle, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 3 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in lung, spleen, testis, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 7 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in prostate, uterus, skeletal muscle and breast. Isoform 8 is detected only in colon, bone marrow, testis, fetal brain and intestine. Isoform 9 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, heart, lung, fetal liver, salivary gland, breast or intestine.

疾病相关

Note=TP53 is found in increased amounts in a wide variety of transformed cells. TP53 is frequently mutated or inactivated in about 60% of cancers. TP53 defects are found in Barrett metaplasia a condition in which the normally stratified squamous epithelium of the lower esophagus is replaced by a metaplastic columnar epithelium. The condition develops as a complication in approximately 10% of patients with chronic gastroesophageal reflux disease and predisposes to the development of esophageal adenocarcinoma. Defects in TP53 are a cause of esophageal cancer (ESCR) [MIM:133239]. Defects in TP53 are a cause of Li-Fraumeni syndrome (LFS) [MIM:151623]. LFS is an autosomal dominant familial cancer syndrome that in its classic form is defined by the existence of a proband affected by a sarcoma before 45 years with a first degree relative affected by any tumor before 45 years and another first degree relative with any tumor before 45 years or a sarcoma at any age.

Other clinical definitions for LFS have been proposed (PubMed:8118819 and PubMed:8718514) and called Li-Fraumeni like syndrome (LFL). In these families affected relatives develop a diverse set of malignancies at unusually early ages. Four types of cancers account for 80% of tumors occurring in TP53 germline mutation carriers: breast cancers, soft tissue and bone sarcomas, brain tumors (astrocytomas) and adrenocortical carcinomas. Less frequent tumors include choroid plexus carcinoma or papilloma before the age of 15, rhabdomyosarcoma before the age of 5, leukemia, Wilms tumor, malignant phyllodes tumor, colorectal and gastric cancers. Defects in TP53 are involved in head and neck squamous cell carcinomas (HNSCC) [MIM:275355]; also known as squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck. Defects in TP53 are a cause of lung cancer (LNCr) [MIM:211980]. Defects in TP53 are a cause of choroid plexus papilloma (CPLPA) [MIM:260500]. Choroid plexus papilloma is a slow-growing benign tumor of the choroid plexus that often invades the leptomeninges. In children it is usually in a lateral ventricle but in adults it is more often in the fourth ventricle. Hydrocephalus is common, either from obstruction or from tumor secretion of cerebrospinal fluid. If it undergoes malignant transformation it is called a choroid plexus carcinoma. Primary choroid plexus tumors are rare and usually occur in early childhood. Defects in TP53 are a cause of adrenocortical carcinoma (ADCC) [MIM:202300]. ADCC is a rare childhood tumor of the adrenal cortex. It occurs with increased frequency in patients with the Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome and is a component tumor in Li-Fraumeni syndrome.

序列相似性

Belongs to the p53 family.

结构域

The nuclear export signal acts as a transcriptional repression domain. The TAD1 and TAD2 motifs (residues 17 to 25 and 48 to 56) correspond both to 9aaTAD motifs which are transactivation domains present in a large number of yeast and animal transcription factors.

翻译后修饰

Acetylated. Acetylation of Lys-382 by CREBBP enhances transcriptional activity. Deacetylation of Lys-382 by SIRT1 impairs its ability to induce proapoptotic program and modulate cell senescence.

Phosphorylation on Ser residues mediates transcriptional activation. Phosphorylated by HIPK1 (By similarity). Phosphorylation at Ser-9 by HIPK4 increases repression activity on BIRC5 promoter. Phosphorylated on Thr-18 by VRK1. Phosphorylated on Ser-20 by CHEK2 in response to DNA damage, which prevents ubiquitination by MDM2. Phosphorylated on Thr-55 by TAF1, which promotes MDM2-mediated degradation. Phosphorylated on Ser-46 by HIPK2 upon UV irradiation. Phosphorylation on Ser-46 is required for acetylation by CREBBP. Phosphorylated on Ser-392 following UV but not gamma irradiation. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated on Ser-15 upon ultraviolet irradiation; which is enhanced by interaction with BANP.

Dephosphorylated by PP2A-PPP2R5C holoenzyme at Thr-55. SV40 small T antigen inhibits the dephosphorylation by the AC form of PP2A.

May be O-glycosylated in the C-terminal basic region. Studied in EB-1 cell line.

Ubiquitinated by MDM2 and SYVN1, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitinated by RFWD3, which works in cooperation with MDM2 and may catalyze the formation of short polyubiquitin chains on p53/TP53 that are not targeted to the proteasome. Ubiquitinated by MKRN1 at Lys-291 and Lys-292, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Deubiquitinated by USP10, leading to its stabilization. Ubiquitinated by TRIM24, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitination by TOPORS induces degradation. Deubiquitination by USP7, leading to stabilization. Isoform 4 is monoubiquitinated in an MDM2-independent manner.

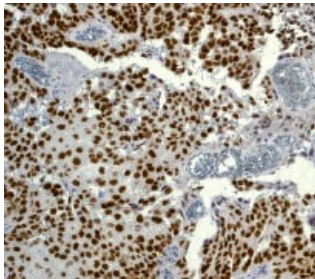
Monomethylated at Lys-372 by SETD7, leading to stabilization and increased transcriptional activation. Monomethylated at Lys-370 by SMYD2, leading to decreased DNA-binding activity and subsequent transcriptional regulation activity. Lys-372 monomethylation prevents interaction with SMYD2 and subsequent monomethylation at Lys-370. Dimethylated at Lys-373 by EHMT1 and EHMT2. Monomethylated at Lys-382 by SETD8, promoting interaction with L3MBTL1 and leading to repress transcriptional activity. Demethylation of dimethylated Lys-370 by KDM1A

prevents interaction with TP53BP1 and represses TP53-mediated transcriptional activation. Sumoylated by SUMO1.

细胞定位

Cytoplasm; Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus > PML body. Endoplasmic reticulum. Interaction with BANP promotes nuclear localization. Recruited into PML bodies together with CHEK2; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized in both nucleus and cytoplasm in most cells. In some cells, forms foci in the nucleus that are different from nucleoli; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized in the nucleus in most cells but found in the cytoplasm in some cells; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized mainly in the nucleus with minor staining in the cytoplasm; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Predominantly nuclear but localizes to the cytoplasm when expressed with isoform 4 and Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Predominantly nuclear but translocates to the cytoplasm following cell stress.

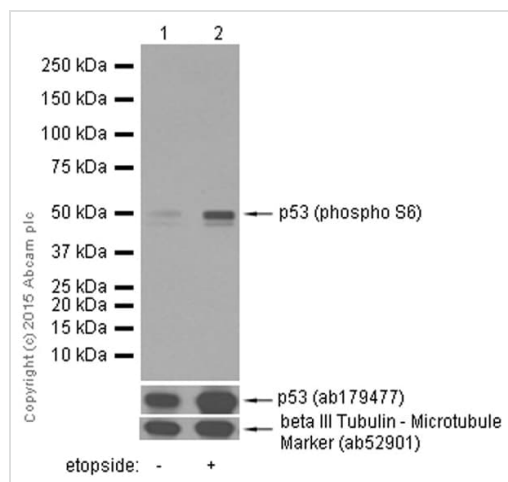
图片



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human urinary bladder carcinoma using ab32132 at 1/250 dilution.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

All lanes : Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : HepG2 whole cell lysate - untreated

Lane 2 : HepG2 whole cell lysate - treated with Etoposide

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Secondary

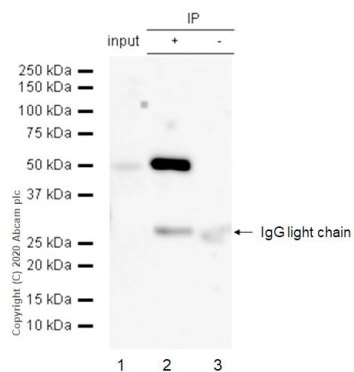
All lanes : Peroxidase-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1/1000 dilution

Predicted band size: 44 kDa

Observed band size: 53 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds

Blocking and dilution buffer: 5% NFDm/TBST.



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-p53 (phospho S6)
antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

Purified ab32132 at 1/50 dilution (2µg) immunoprecipitating p53 in HeLa treated with etoposide whole cell lysate.

Lane 1 (input): HeLa (Human cervix adenocarcinoma epithelial cell) treated with etoposide whole cell lysate 10µg

Lane 2 (+): ab32132 + HeLa treated with etoposide whole cell lysate.

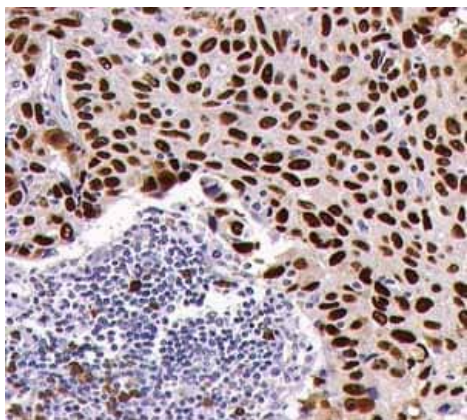
Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal IgG (**ab172730**) instead of ab32132 in HeLa treated with etoposide whole cell lysate.

VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) (**ab131366**) (1/1000 dilution) was used for Western blotting.

Blocking Buffer and concentration: 5% NFDm/TBST.

Diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDm/TBST.

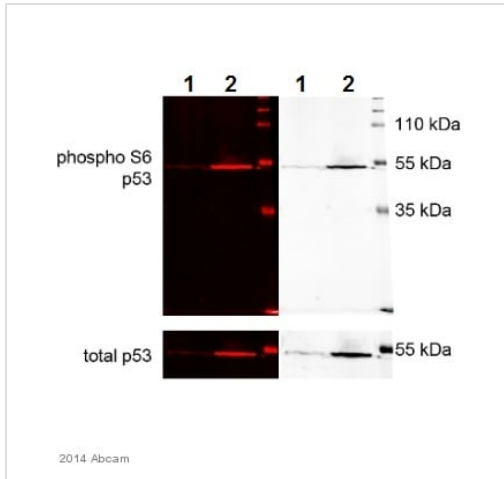
Observed band size: 53 kDa



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-p53 (phospho S6)
antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

ab32132 showing positive staining in Lung adenocarcinoma tissue.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody
[Y179] (ab32132)

This image is courtesy of an Abreview submitted by
Christian Marx

All lanes : Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132) at
1/500 dilution

Lane 1 : DMSO treated HCT116 cell line

Lane 2 : 10 μ M irinotecan (CPT-11) treated HCT116 cell line for 24
hours

Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Donkey Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 680)
([ab175772](#)) at 1/1000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 44 kDa

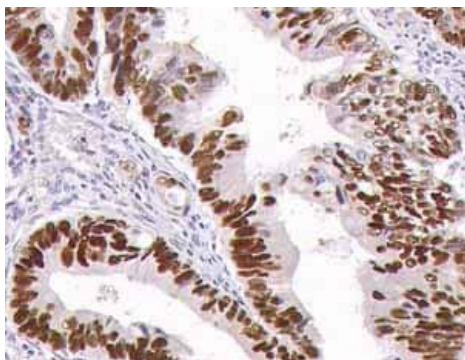
Exposure time: 3 minutes

Blocking: 1 hour at room temperature with 5% Milk in TBST.

Diluent: 2% Milk in TBST

13% SDS-PAGE gel used.

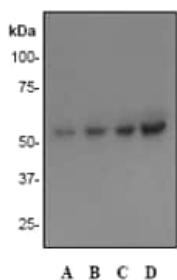
Secondary antibody - goat **anti-rabbit Alexa Fluor 680**



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-
embedded sections) - Anti-p53 (phospho S6)
antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

ab32132 showing positive staining in Colonic adenocarcinoma
tissue.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6
before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

All lanes : Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132) at 1/5000 dilution

Lane 1 : MCF7 cell lysate, non-treated

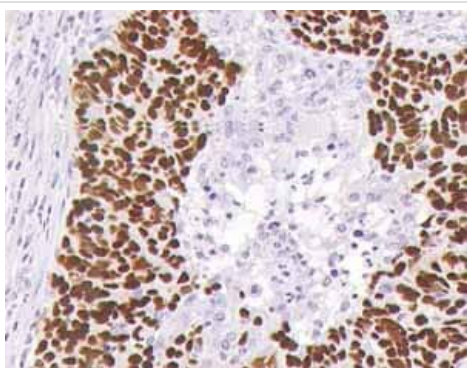
Lane 2 : MCF7 cell lysate, treated with Actinomycin D for 3 hours

Lane 3 : MCF7 cell lysate, treated with Actinomycin D for 6 hours

Lane 4 : MCF7 cell lysate, treated with Actinomycin D for 18 hours

Predicted band size: 44 kDa

Observed band size: 53 kDa



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

ab32132 showing positive staining in Breast carcinoma tissue.

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

Why choose a recombinant antibody?



Research with confidence
Consistent and reproducible results



Long-term and scalable supply
Recombinant technology



Success from the first experiment
Confirmed specificity



Ethical standards compliant
Animal-free production

Anti-p53 (phospho S6) antibody [Y179] (ab32132)

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <https://www.abcam.cn/abpromise> or contact our technical team.

Terms and conditions

- Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors