abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) antibody ab84333

1 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-NF-kB p65 (phospho S529)抗体

描述 兔多克隆抗体to NF-kB p65 (phospho S529)

宿主 Rabbit

适用于: WB 经测试应用

种属反应性 与反应: Human

预测可用于: Chimpanzee, Macaque monkey, Gorilla, Orangutan

免疫原 Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

阳性对照 This antibody gave a positive signal in the following whole cell lysates: HeLa; HeLa Nuclear;

A431.

常规说明 The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

> Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -

80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

存储溶液 pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituent: PBS

Batches of this product that have a concentration < 1mg/ml may have BSA added as a stabilising

agent. If you would like information about the formulation of a specific lot, please contact our

scientific support team who will be happy to help.

70 - 90% by HPLC 纯度

克隆 多克隆

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab84333于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度:实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		Use a concentration of 1 µg/ml. Detects a band of approximately 56 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 60 kDa).

靶标

功能

NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor which is present in almost all cell types and is involved in many biological processed such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the Rel-like domain-containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105, NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I-kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and p65-c-Rel complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p65-p65 complex appears to be involved in invasin-mediated activation of IL-8 expression. The inhibitory effect of I-kappa-B upon NF-kappa-B the cytoplasm is exerted primarily through the interaction with p65. p65 shows a weak DNA-binding site which could contribute directly to DNA binding in the NF-kappa-B complex. Associates with chromatin at the NF-kappa-B promoter region via association with DDX1.

序列相似性

结构域

翻译后修饰

Contains 1 RHD (Rel-like) domain.

the 9aaTAD motif is a transactivation domain present in a large number of yeast and animal transcription factors.

Ubiquitinated, leading to its proteasomal degradation. Degradation is required for termination of NF-kappa-B response.

Monomethylated at Lys-310 by SETD6. Monomethylation at Lys-310 is recognized by the ANK repeats of EHMT1 and promotes the formation of repressed chromatin at target genes, leading to down-regulation of NF-kappa-B transcription factor activity. Phosphorylation at Ser-311 disrupts the interaction with EHMT1 without preventing monomethylation at Lys-310 and relieves the repression of target genes.

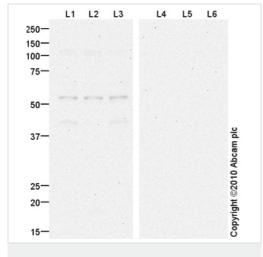
Phosphorylation at Ser-311 disrupts the interaction with EHMT1 and promotes transcription factor activity (By similarity). Phosphorylation on Ser-536 stimulates acetylation on Lys-310 and interaction with CBP; the phosphorylated and acetylated forms show enhanced transcriptional activity.

Reversibly acetylated; the acetylation seems to be mediated by CBP, the deacetylation by HDAC3. Acetylation at Lys-122 enhances DNA binding and impairs association with NFKBIA. Acetylation at Lys-310 is required for full transcriptional activity in the absence of effects on DNA binding and NFKBIA association. Acetylation can also lower DNA-binding and results in nuclear export. Interaction with BRMS1 promotes deacetylation of 'Lys-310'.

细胞定位

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nuclear, but also found in the cytoplasm in an inactive form complexed to an inhibitor (I-kappa-B). Colocalized with RELA in the nucleus upon TNF-alpha induction.

图片



Western blot - Anti-NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) antibody (ab84333)

All lanes : Anti-NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) antibody (ab84333) at $1 \mu g/ml$

Lane 1 : HeLa (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with NF-kB p65 peptide (ab116684)

Lane 2 : HeLa (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Nuclear Lysate with NF-kB p65 peptide (<u>ab116684</u>)

Lane 3: A431 (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with NF-kB p65 peptide (<u>ab116684</u>)

Lane 4: HeLa (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with Human NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) peptide (ab101479)

Lane 5: HeLa (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Nuclear Lysate with Human NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) peptide (ab101479)

Lane 6: A431 (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with Human NF-kB p65 (phospho S529) peptide (ab101479)

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

Blocking peptides at 1 µg/ml per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat polyclonal to Rabbit lgG - H&L - Pre-Adsorbed (HRP) at 1/3000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 60 kDa **Observed band size:** 56 kDa Exposure time: 20 minutes

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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