abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] ab45167





重组 RabMAb

★★★★★ 4 Abreviews 30 References 9 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-MUC1抗体[EP1024Y]

描述 兔单克隆抗体[EP1024Y] to MUC1

宿主 Rabbit

特异性 Based on the immunogen sequence, the antibody recognises several isoforms of MUC1 (Uniprot

ID P15941). They are Isoform Y (28 kDa), Isoform Y-LSP (28 kDa), Isoform S2 (17 kDa) and

Isoform J13 (28 kDa).

经测试应用 适用于: WB, Flow Cyt, IP, ICC/IF

种属反应性 与反应: Mouse, Rat, Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human MUC1 aa 1-100 (N terminal).

阳性对照 WB: HeLa, T47D, MCF7 and A549 cell lysates; Human kidney, human breast carcinoma, human

thyroid carcinoma and human colon cancer lysates; Human fetal lung lysate; Rat liver lysate and

mouse liver lysate. ICC/IF: MCF7 cells. Flow Cyt: T47D and A549 cells.

常规说明 Isoform 7 of MUC1 behaves as a receptor and binds the secreted isoform 5. The binding induces

the phosphorylation of the isoform 7, alters cellular morphology and initiates cell signaling.

The mouse and rat recommendation is based on WB results.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

性能

形式 Liquid

Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. 存放说明

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

存储溶液 pH: 7.20

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 59% PBS, 40% Glycerol, 0.05% BSA

纯度 Protein A purified

Primary antibody说明 Isoform 7 of MUC1 behaves as a receptor and binds the secreted isoform 5. The binding induces

the phosphorylation of the isoform 7, alters cellular morphology and initiates cell signaling.

克隆 单克隆

克隆编号 EP1024Y

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab45167于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		1/1000. Detects a band of approximately 27 kDa. MUC1 isoform 7.
Flow Cyt		1/20. ab172730 - Rabbit monoclonal lgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
IP		1/20. For unpurified use at 1/50.
ICC/IF		1/500.

靶标

功能

The alpha subunit has cell adhesive properties. Can act both as an adhesion and an antiadhesion protein. May provide a protective layer on epithelial cells against bacterial and enzyme attack.

The beta subunit contains a C-terminal domain which is involved in cell signaling, through phosphorylations and protein-protein interactions. Modulates signaling in ERK, SRC and NF-kappa-B pathways. In activated T-cells, influences directly or indirectly the Ras/MAPK pathway. Promotes tumor progression. Regulates TP53-mediated transcription and determines cell fate in the genotoxic stress response. Binds, together with KLF4, the PE21 promoter element of TP53 and represses TP53 activity.

组织特异性

Expressed on the apical surface of epithelial cells, especially of airway passages, breast and uterus. Also expressed in activated and unactivated T-cells. Overexpressed in epithelial tumors, such as breast or ovarian cancer and also in non-epithelial tumor cells. Isoform Y is expressed in tumor cells only.

疾病相关

MUC1/CA 15-3 is used as a serological clinical marker of breast cancer to monitor response to breast cancer treatment and disease recurrence (PubMed:20816948). Decreased levels over time may be indicative of a positive response to treatment. Conversely, increased levels may indicate disease progression. At an early stage disease, only 21% of patients exhibit high MUC1/CA 15-3 levels, that is why CA 15-3 is not a useful screening test. Most antibodies target the highly immunodominant core peptide domain of 20 amino acid

(APDTRPAPGSTAPPAHGVTS) tandem repeats. Some antibodies recognize glycosylated epitopes.

Medullary cystic kidney disease 1

序列相似性

Contains 1 SEA domain.

发展阶段

翻译后修饰

During fetal development, expressed at low levels in the colonic epithelium from 13 weeks of gestation.

Highly glycosylated (N- and O-linked carbohydrates and sialic acid). O-glycosylated to a varying degree on serine and threonine residues within each tandem repeat, ranging from mono- to penta-glycosylation. The average density ranges from about 50% in human milk to over 90% in T47D breast cancer cells. Further sialylation occurs during recycling. Membrane-shed glycoproteins from kidney and breast cancer cells have preferentially sialyated core 1 structures, while secreted forms from the same tissues display mainly core 2 structures. The O-glycosylated content is overlapping in both these tissues with terminal fucose and galactose, 2- and 3-linked galactose, 3- and 3,6-linked GalNAc-ol and 4-linked GlcNAc predominating. Differentially O-glycosylated in breast carcinomas with 3,4-linked GlcNAc. N-glycosylation consists of highmannose, acidic complex-type and hybrid glycans in the secreted form MUC1/SEC, and neutral complex-type in the transmembrane form, MUC1/TM.

Proteolytic cleavage in the SEA domain occurs in the endoplasmic reticulum by an autoproteolytic mechanism and requires the full-length SEA domain as well as requiring a Ser, Thr or Cys residue at the P + 1 site. Cleavage at this site also occurs on isoform MUC1/X but not on isoform MUC1/Y. Ectodomain shedding is mediated by ADAM17.

Dual palmitoylation on cysteine residues in the CQC motif is required for recycling from endosomes back to the plasma membrane.

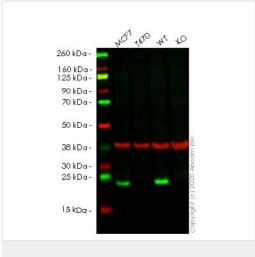
Phosphorylated on tyrosines and serine residues in the C-terminal. Phosphorylation on tyrosines in the C-terminal increases the nuclear location of MUC1 and beta-catenin. Phosphorylation by PKC delta induces binding of MUC1 to beta-catenin/CTNNB1 and thus decreases the formation of the beta-catenin/E-cadherin complex. Src-mediated phosphorylation inhibits interaction with GSK3B. Src- and EGFR-mediated phosphorylation on Tyr-1229 increases binding to beta-catenin/CTNNB1. GSK3B-mediated phosphorylation on Ser-1227 decreases this interaction but restores the formation of the beta-cadherin/E-cadherin complex. On T-cell receptor activation, phosphorylated by LCK. PDGFR-mediated phosphorylation increases nuclear colocalization of MUC1CT and CTNNB1.

The N-terminal sequence has been shown to begin at position 24 or 28.

细胞定位

Secreted; Cell membrane. Cytoplasm. Nucleus. On EGF and PDGFRB stimulation, transported to the nucleus through interaction with CTNNB1, a process which is stimulated by phosphorylation. On HRG stimulation, colocalizes with JUP/gamma-catenin at the nucleus and Apical cell membrane. Exclusively located in the apical domain of the plasma membrane of highly polarized epithelial cells. After endocytosis, internalized and recycled to the cell membrane. Located to microvilli and to the tips of long filopodial protusions.

图片



Western blot - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

All lanes : Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) cell lysate

Lane 2 : T-47D (Human ductal breast epithelial tumor cell line) cell lysate

Lane 3 : Wild-type HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell lysate

Lane 4: MUC1 knockout HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Observed band size: 24 kDa

Lanes 1-4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - ab45167 observed at 24 kDa. Red - Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) observed at 37 kDa.

ab45167 was shown to react with MUC1 in Wild-type HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line ab255412 (knockout cell lysate ab263764) was used. Wild-type HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) and MUC1 knockout HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. ab45167 and Anti-GAPDH antibody [6C5] - Loading Control (ab8245) overnight at 4°C at a 1 in 1000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were

developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye®800CW) preadsorbed (ab216773) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye®680RD) preadsorbed (ab216776) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

DAPI

Secondary antibody only control

DAPI

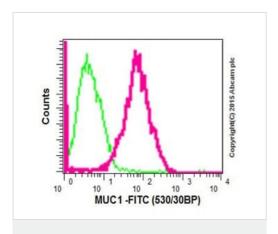
MERGED

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 (Human breast adenocarcinoma cell line) cells labeling purified MUC1 with ab45167 at 1/500. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. ab150077, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody. Nuclei counterstained with DAPI (blue).

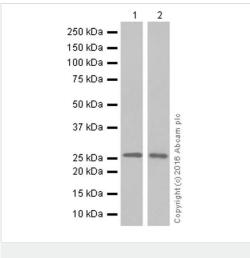
Confocal image showing membranous staining on MCF7 cell line.

Negative control: HCT-116 (PMID: 14998492).



Flow Cytometry - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

Flow cytometry analysis of T47D (human mammary gland ductal carcinoma) cells labelling MUC1 with unpurified ab45167 (pink) at a dilution of 1/150. Cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde. A FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG was used as the secondary antibody. Rabbit monoclonal lgG (ab172730) was used as the isotype control (green).



Western blot - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

All lanes: Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167) at 1/1000 dilution (purified)

Lane 1: Human colon cancer lysate

Lane 2: Rat liver lysate

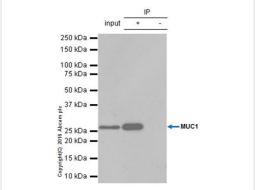
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes: Anti-Rabbit IgG (HRP), specific to the non-reduced form of IgG at 1/2000 dilution

Observed band size: 27 kDa

250 kDa = 150 kDa •



Immunoprecipitation - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST.

ab45167 (purified) at 1/20 dilution (2ug) immunoprecipitating MUC1 in Human fetal lung lysate.

Lane 1 (input): Human fetal lung lysate 10ug

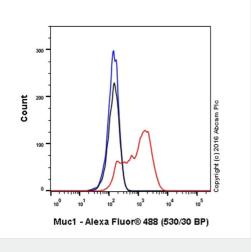
Lane 2 (+): ab45167 + Human fetal lung lysate 10ug

Lane 3 (-): Rabbit monoclonal IgG (ab172730) instead of ab45167 in Human fetal lung lysate

For western blotting, ab131366 VeriBlot for IP Detection Reagent (HRP) was used for detection (1/1000).

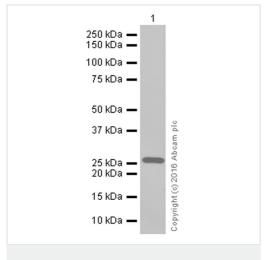
Blocking buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST.



Flow Cytometry - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

Flow Cytometry analysis of A549 (human lung carcinoma cell line) cells labeling MUC1 with purified ab45167 at 1/20 dilution (10 ug/ml). Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde. A goat antirabbit lgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/2000 dilution. Black - Isotype control, Rabbit monoclonal lgG. Blue - unlabeled control, cells without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody.



Western blot - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

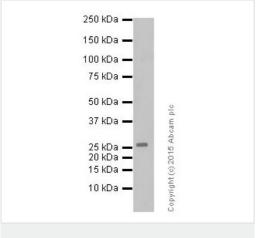
Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167) at 1/5000 dilution (purified) + Mouse liver lysate at 20 µg

Secondary

Anti-Rabbit lgG (HRP), specific to the non-reduced form of lgG at 1/2000 dilution

Observed band size: 27 kDa

Blocking and diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST.



Western blot - Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167)

Anti-MUC1 antibody [EP1024Y] (ab45167) at 1/2000 dilution (unpurified) + T47D cell lysate at 10 μg

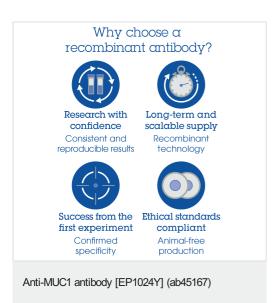
Secondary

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab97051) at 1/1000 dilution

Observed band size: 27 kDa

Exposure time: 3 minutes

Blocking and diluting buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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