# abcam

## Product datasheet

## HRP Anti-GFP antibody [E385] ab190584

重组 RabMAb

★★★★★ 1 Abreviews 8 References 3 图像

概述

产品名称 HRP Anti-GFP抗体[E385]

描述 HRP兔单克隆抗体[E385] to GFP

宿主 Rabbit 偶联物 HRP

经测试应用 适用于: WB

种属反应性 与反应: Species independent

免疫原 Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

阳性对照 WB: HEK 293 over-expressing GFP lysate and Active. Pure GFP protein, or cells known to

overexpress GFP.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit 常规说明

monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb® patents**.

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

存储溶液 pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.1% Proclin 300 Solution

Constituents: 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 1% BSA, PBS

纯度 Protein A purified

克隆 单克隆 克隆编号 E385 同种型 ΙgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab190584于以下的经测试应用

#### "应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度:实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
WB	*****(1)	1/10000. Detects a band of approximately 27 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 27 kDa).

#### 靶标

#### 相关性

**Function:** Energy-transfer acceptor. Its role is to transduce the blue chemiluminescence of the protein aequorin into green fluorescent light by energy transfer. Fluoresces in vivo upon receiving energy from the Ca<sup>2+</sup> -activated photoprotein aequorin.

Subunit structure: Monomer.

Tissue specificity: Photocytes.

**Post-translational modification:** Contains a chromophore consisting of modified amino acid residues. The chromophore is formed by autocatalytic backbone condensation between Ser-65 and Gly-67, and oxidation of Tyr-66 to didehydrotyrosine. Maturation of the chromophore requires nothing other than molecular oxygen.

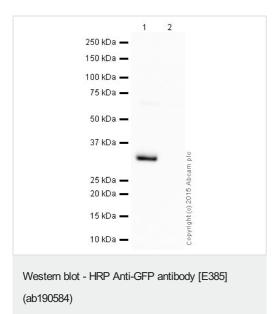
**Biotechnological use:** Green fluorescent protein has been engineered to produce a vast number of variously colored mutants, fusion proteins, and biosensors. Fluorescent proteins and its mutated allelic forms, blue, cyan and yellow have become a useful and ubiquitous tool for making chimeric proteins, where they function as a fluorescent protein tag. Typically they tolerate N- and C-terminal fusion to a broad variety of proteins. They have been expressed in most known cell types and are used as a noninvasive fluorescent marker in living cells and organisms. They enable a wide range of applications where they have functioned as a cell lineage tracer, reporter of gene expression, or as a measure of protein-protein interactions. Can also be used as a molecular thermometer, allowing accurate temperature measurements in fluids. The measurement process relies on the detection of the blinking of GFP using fluorescence correlation spectroscopy.

Sequence similarities: Belongs to the GFP family.

Biophysicochemical properties: Absorption: Abs(max)=395 nm

Exhibits a smaller absorbance peak at 470 nm. The fluorescence emission spectrum peaks at 509 nm with a shoulder at 540 nm.

#### 图片



**All lanes :** HRP Anti-GFP antibody [E385] (ab190584) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1: HEK 293 over-expressing GFP

 $\textbf{Lane 2:} \ \mathsf{HEK293} \ (\mathsf{Human\ embryonic\ kidney\ cell\ line}) \ \mathsf{Whole\ Cell}$ 

Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 5 µg per lane.

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 27 kDa
Observed band size: 27 kDa

Exposure time: 30 seconds

This blot was produced using a 4-12% Bis-tris gel under the MES buffer system. The gel was run at 200V for 35 minutes before being transferred onto a Nitrocellulose membrane at 30V for 70 minutes. The membrane was then blocked for an hour using 3% milk before being incubated with **ab190485** overnight at 4°C. Antibody binding was visualised using ECL development solution **ab133406**.



**All lanes :** HRP Anti-GFP antibody [E385] (ab190584) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1: Recombinant A. victoria GFP protein (ab84191)

Lane 2: Recombinant RFP protein (ab51993)

Lysates/proteins at 0.1 µg per lane.

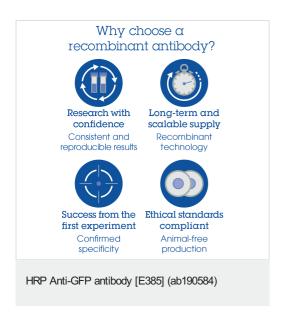
Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

**Predicted band size:** 27 kDa **Observed band size:** 27 kDa

Exposure time: 10 seconds

This blot was produced using a 4-12% Bis-tris gel under the MES buffer system. The gel was run at 200V for 35 minutes before being transferred onto a Nitrocellulose membrane at 30V for 70 minutes. The membrane was then blocked for an hour using 3% milk before being incubated with ab190584 overnight at 4°C. Antibody binding was visualised using ECL development solution **ab133406**.



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