


# Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade ab1791

★★★★★ [232 Abreviews](#) [4330 References](#) [14 图像](#)

概述	
产品名称	Anti-Histone H3抗体-核Marker and ChIP Grade
描述	兔多克隆抗体to Histone H3 -核Marker and ChIP Grade
宿主	Rabbit
特异性	From Mar 2024, QC testing of replenishment batches of this polyclonal changed. All tested and expected application and reactive species combinations are still covered by our Abcam product promise. However, we no longer test all applications. For more information on a specific batch, please contact our Scientific Support who will be happy to help. Based only on sequence homology, we expect the antibody to react with multiple variants of H3 such as H3.1, H3.2 and H3.3.
经测试应用	适用于: IHC-P, ChIP, IP, WB, ICC/IF
种属反应性	与反应: Mouse, Rat, Human, Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Xenopus laevis, Arabidopsis thaliana, Drosophila melanogaster, Indian muntjac, Schizosaccharomyces pombe 预测可用于: Chicken, Dog, Caenorhabditis elegans, Ferret, Zebrafish, a wide range of other species, Mammals, Silk worm, Dictyostelium discoideum, Rainbow trout, Neurospora crassa, Toxoplasma gondii, Rice, Schistosoma mansoni, Candida albicans, Cyanidioschyzon merolae 
免疫原	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers. (Peptide available as <a href="#">ab12149</a> )
常规说明	A recombinant rabbit monoclonal alternative is available to this target – <a href="#">ab176842</a> Rabbit polyclonal IgG ( <a href="#">ab171870</a> ) is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.  The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.  If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

## 性能

形式	Liquid
存放说明	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
存储溶液	Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: PBS, 40% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.05% BSA  Batches of this product that have a concentration < 1mg/ml may have BSA added as a stabilising agent. If you would like information about the formulation of a specific lot, please contact our scientific support team who will be happy to help.
纯度	Immunogen affinity purified
克隆	多克隆
同种型	IgG

## 应用

**The Abpromise guarantee**      **Abpromise™** 承诺保证使用ab1791于以下的经测试应用

“应用说明”部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
IHC-P	★★★★★ (20)	1/100 - 1/400. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
ChIP	★★★★★ (46)	Use 2µg for 10 <sup>6</sup> cells.
IP	★★★★★ (4)	Use a concentration of 5 µg/ml.
WB	★★★★★ (121)	1/1000 - 1/5000. Detects a band of approximately 17 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 15 kDa). Can be blocked with <b>Human Histone H3 peptide (ab12149)</b> . We recommend <b>Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&amp;L (HRP) (ab6721) secondary antibody</b> .
ICC/IF	★★★★★ (27)	Use a concentration of 1 µg/ml.

## 靶标

功能	Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.
序列相似性	Belongs to the histone H3 family.
发展阶段	Expressed during S phase, then expression strongly decreases as cell division slows down during the process of differentiation.

## 翻译后修饰

Acetylation is generally linked to gene activation. Acetylation on Lys-10 (H3K9ac) impairs methylation at Arg-9 (H3R8me2s). Acetylation on Lys-19 (H3K18ac) and Lys-24 (H3K24ac) favors methylation at Arg-18 (H3R17me).

Citrullination at Arg-9 (H3R8ci) and/or Arg-18 (H3R17ci) by PAD4 impairs methylation and represses transcription.

Asymmetric dimethylation at Arg-18 (H3R17me2a) by CARM1 is linked to gene activation. Symmetric dimethylation at Arg-9 (H3R8me2s) by PRMT5 is linked to gene repression. Asymmetric dimethylation at Arg-3 (H3R2me2a) by PRMT6 is linked to gene repression and is mutually exclusive with H3 Lys-5 methylation (H3K4me2 and H3K4me3). H3R2me2a is present at the 3' of genes regardless of their transcription state and is enriched on inactive promoters, while it is absent on active promoters.

Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me), Lys-37 (H3K36me) and Lys-80 (H3K79me) are linked to gene activation. Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me) facilitates subsequent acetylation of H3 and H4. Methylation at Lys-80 (H3K79me) is associated with DNA double-strand break (DSB) responses and is a specific target for TP53BP1. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) and Lys-28 (H3K27me) are linked to gene repression. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) is a specific target for HP1 proteins (CBX1, CBX3 and CBX5) and prevents subsequent phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) and acetylation of H3 and H4. Methylation at Lys-5 (H3K4me) and Lys-80 (H3K79me) require preliminary monoubiquitination of H2B at 'Lys-120'. Methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) and Lys-28 (H3K27me) are enriched in inactive X chromosome chromatin.

Phosphorylated at Thr-4 (H3T3ph) by GSG2/haspin during prophase and dephosphorylated during anaphase. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by AURKB is crucial for chromosome condensation and cell-cycle progression during mitosis and meiosis. In addition phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by RPS6KA4 and RPS6KA5 is important during interphase because it enables the transcription of genes following external stimulation, like mitogens, stress, growth factors or UV irradiation and result in the activation of genes, such as c-fos and c-jun.

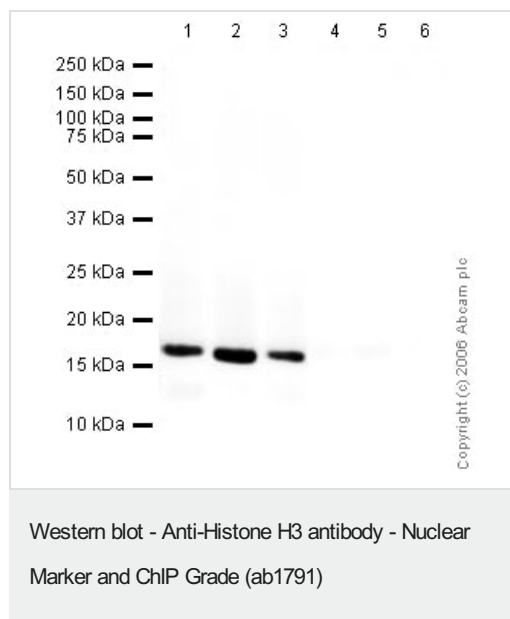
Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph), which is linked to gene activation, prevents methylation at Lys-10 (H3K9me) but facilitates acetylation of H3 and H4. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) by AURKB mediates the dissociation of HP1 proteins (CBX1, CBX3 and CBX5) from heterochromatin. Phosphorylation at Ser-11 (H3S10ph) is also an essential regulatory mechanism for neoplastic cell transformation. Phosphorylated at Ser-29 (H3S28ph) by MLTK isoform 1, RPS6KA5 or AURKB during mitosis or upon ultraviolet B irradiation. Phosphorylation at Thr-7 (H3T6ph) by PRKCBB is a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation that prevents demethylation of Lys-5 (H3K4me) by LSD1/KDM1A. At centromeres, specifically phosphorylated at Thr-12 (H3T11ph) from prophase to early anaphase, by DAPK3 and PKN1. Phosphorylation at Thr-12 (H3T11ph) by PKN1 is a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation that promotes demethylation of Lys-10 (H3K9me) by KDM4C/JMJD2C. Phosphorylation at Tyr-42 (H3Y41ph) by JAK2 promotes exclusion of CBX5 (HP1 alpha) from chromatin.

Monoubiquitinated by RAG1 in lymphoid cells, monoubiquitination is required for V(D)J recombination (By similarity). Ubiquitinated by the CUL4-DDB-RBX1 complex in response to ultraviolet irradiation. This may weaken the interaction between histones and DNA and facilitate DNA accessibility to repair proteins.

## 细胞定位

Nucleus. Chromosome.

## 图片



**All lanes :** Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade (ab1791) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1 :** A431 (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

**Lane 2 :** Jurkat (Human T cell lymphoblast-like cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

**Lane 3 :** HEK293 (Human embryonic kidney cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

**Lane 4 :** A431 (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with Human Histone H3 peptide (**ab12149**) at 1 µg/ml

**Lane 5 :** Jurkat (Human T cell lymphoblast-like cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with Human Histone H3 peptide (**ab12149**) at 1 µg/ml

**Lane 6 :** HEK293 (Human embryonic kidney cell line) Whole Cell Lysate with Human Histone H3 peptide (**ab12149**) at 1 µg/ml

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

### Secondary

**All lanes :** Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (**ab6721**) at 1/5000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

**Predicted band size:** 15 kDa

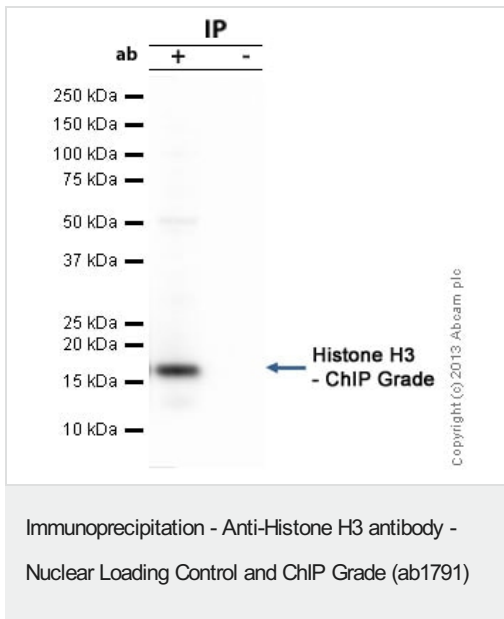
**Observed band size:** 17 kDa

**Exposure time:** 10 seconds

This blot was produced using a 4-12% Bis-tris gel under the MES buffer system. The gel was run at 200V for 35 minutes before being transferred onto a Nitrocellulose membrane at 30V for 70 minutes. The membrane was then blocked for an hour using 2% Bovine Serum Albumin before being incubated with ab1791 overnight at 4°C.

**Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) (ab6721) secondary antibody** was used for detection.

Antibody binding was visualised using ECL development solution **ab133406**.



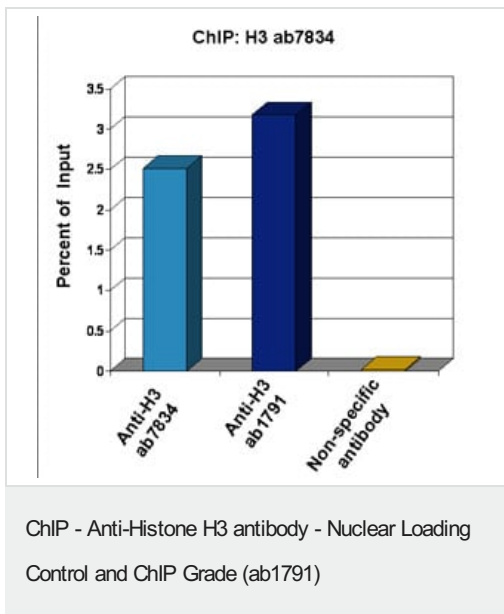
Histone H3 - ChIP Grade was immunoprecipitated using 0.5mg HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell extract, 5 µg of Rabbit polyclonal to and 50 µl of protein G magnetic beads (+). No antibody was added to the control (-).

The antibody was incubated under agitation with Protein G beads for 10 minutes, HeLa whole cell extract lysate diluted in RIPA buffer was added to each sample and incubated for a further 10 minutes under agitation.

Proteins were eluted by addition of 40 µl SDS loading buffer and incubated for 10 minutes at 70°C; 10 µl of each sample was separated on a SDS PAGE gel, transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane, blocked with 5% BSA and probed with ab1791.

Secondary Antibody: Mouse anti-rabbit HRP light chain (HRP) (**ab99697**).

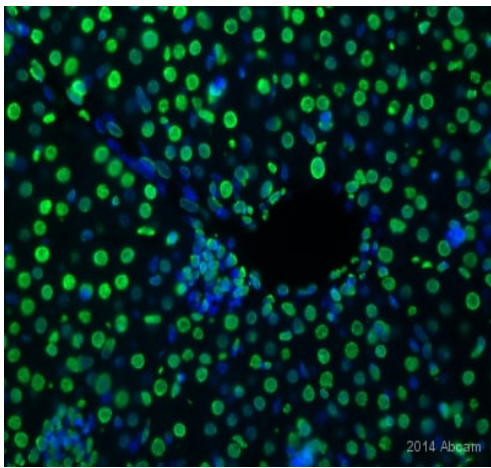
Band: 15kDa; Histone H3 - ChIP Grade



Chromatin from *Xenopus laevis* oocytes was prepared according to the Abcam X-ChIP protocol.

Oocytes were fixed with formaldehyde for 10 minutes. The ChIP was performed with 25 mg of chromatin, 3 mg of **ab7834** (anti-H3, light blue) and 3 µg of ab1791 (anti-H3, dark blue), and 20 ml of Protein A/G sepharose beads. A non-specific antibody was used as a control (yellow).

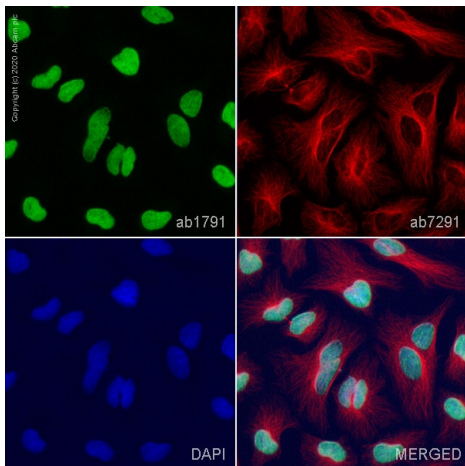
The immunoprecipitated DNA was quantified by real time PCR (Taqman approach).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)  
This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

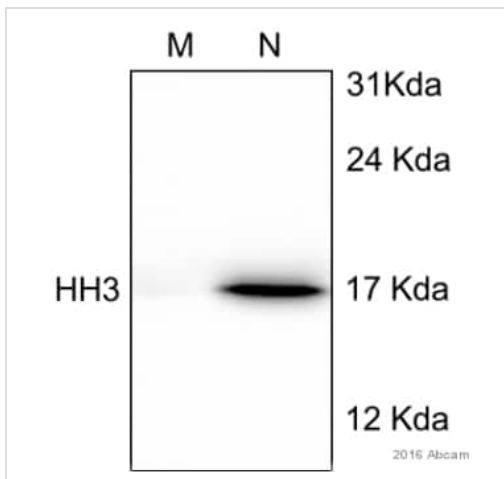
**ab1796** staining Histone H3 in mouse liver tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections).

Tissue was fixed with paraformaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.05% Triton X-100 in PBS for 30 minutes and blocked with 5% BSA for 1 hour; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in sodium citrate pH 6. Samples were incubated with the primary antibody (1/500 in blocking buffer) for 16 hours at 4°C. An Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal (1/400) was used as the secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

ab1791 staining Histone H3 in HeLa cells. The cells were fixed with 100% methanol (5 min), permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated overnight at 4°C with ab1791 at 0.1 µg/mL and **ab7291**, Mouse monoclonal [DM1A] to alpha Tubulin - Loading Control. Cells were then incubated with **ab150081**, Goat polyclonal Secondary Antibody to Rabbit IgG - H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488), pre-adsorbed at 1/1000 dilution (shown in green) and **ab150120**, Goat polyclonal Secondary Antibody to Mouse IgG - H&L (Alexa Fluor® 594), pre-adsorbed at 1/1000 dilution (shown in pseudocolour red). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).



Western blot - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

**All lanes :** Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade (ab1791) at 1/1000 dilution

**Lane 1 :** Mouse skeletal muscle mitochondrial fraction

**Lane 2 :** Mouse skeletal muscle nuclear fraction

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

#### Secondary

**All lanes :** HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG at 1/4000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

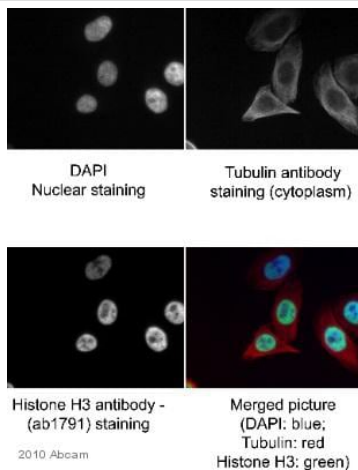
**Predicted band size:** 15 kDa

**Observed band size:** 17 kDa

**Exposure time:** 7 minutes

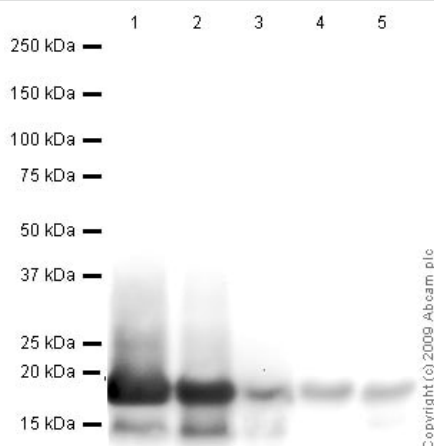
Blocked with 3% milk for 1 hour at 25°C.

Incubated with the primary antibody for 16 hours at 4°C in 3% milk in TBS-tween.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview



Western blot - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

ab1791 staining Histone H3 in HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) by ICC/IF (Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence).

Cells were fixed with methanol and blocked with 0.2% fish scale gelatin for 1 hour at 25°C. Samples were incubated with the primary antibody (1/300 in PBS + 0.2% gelatin) for 20 minutes at 25°C. An Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated donkey anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal (1/500) was used as the secondary antibody.

Green - Histone H3.

Blue - DAPI.

Red - Tubulin.

**All lanes :** Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Marker and ChIP Grade (ab1791) at 1 µg/ml

**Lane 1 :** HeLa (Human epithelial carcinoma cell line) Whole Cell Lysate

**Lane 2 :** NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate (**ab7179**)

**Lane 3 :** Drosophila embryo nuclear extract (from melanogaster embryos 0-12Hr)

**Lane 4 :** S.cerevisiae (Y190) Whole Cell Lysate

**Lane 5 :** S.pombe Whole Cell Lysate

Lysates/proteins at 10 µg per lane.

## Secondary

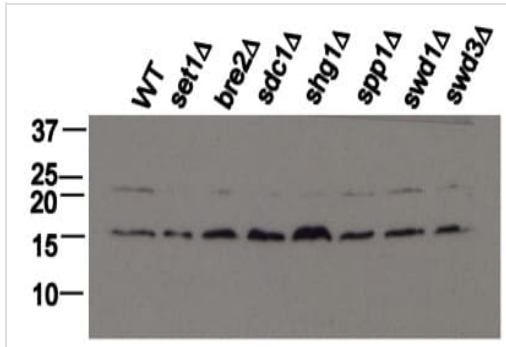
**All lanes :** Goat polyclonal to Rabbit IgG - H&L - Pre-Adsorbed (HRP) at 1/3000 dilution

Performed under reducing conditions.

**Predicted band size:** 15 kDa

**Observed band size:** 17 kDa

ab1791 is tested in western blot on a range of species. We recommend loading higher amounts of protein (20-30ug) to increase the signal in yeast lysates

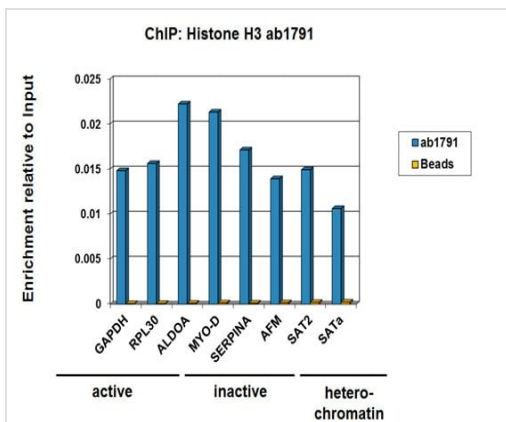


Western blot - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

This image is courtesy of John E. Mueller and J. Ruth German (MaryBryk lab)

Rabbit polyclonal to Histone H3 (ab1791) at 1/5000 on *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate (40 ug per lane).

Protein resolved on 15% SDS-PAGE gel. After transfer to PVDF membrane, blots were blocked in 1X PBS, 0.1% Tween-20, and 5% milk. ab1791 was diluted in 5 ml blocking buffer at 1/5000. Blots plus primary antibodies were either incubated overnight at 4°C or at RT for 2 hours. Blots were washed 6X for 10 minutes each in PBS with 0.1% Tween-20 before addition of secondary antibodies. Secondary antibodies were diluted 1/2,000 in blocking buffer and incubated with blots for 2 hours at RT. Secondary blots were washed 4X for 10 minutes each in PBS with 0.1% Tween-20 and 2X for 10 minutes each in PBS.



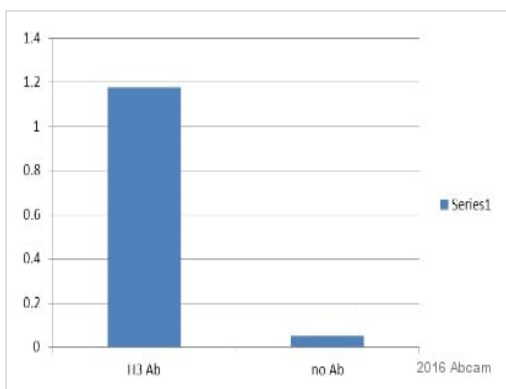
Every new batch of this antibody is tested in-house in ChIP.

ChIP - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

Chromatin was prepared from HeLa (Human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) cells according to the Abcam X-ChIP protocol.

Cells were fixed with formaldehyde for 10 minutes. The ChIP was performed with 25 µg of chromatin, 2 µg of ab1791 (blue), and 20 µl of Protein A/G sepharose beads. No antibody was added to the beads control (yellow).

The immunoprecipitated DNA was quantified by real time PCR (Taqman approach for active and inactive loci, Sybr green approach for heterochromatic loci). Primers and probes are located in the first kb of the transcribed region.

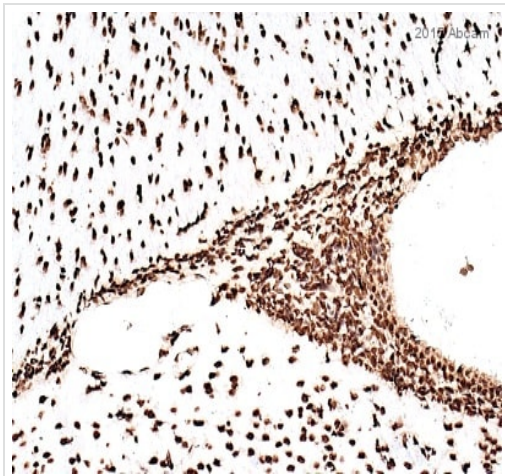


ChIP - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

The ChIP was performed with chromatin from mouse gut cell lysate and ab1791 at 1/250 dilution.

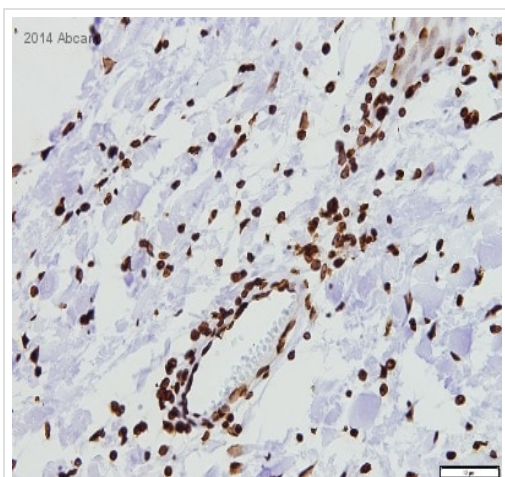
**Negative control:** No antibody was used (right bar).

The immunoprecipitated DNA was quantified by real time PCR.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

Paraffin-embedded rat brain tissue stained for Histone H3 using ab1791 at 1/8000 dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.

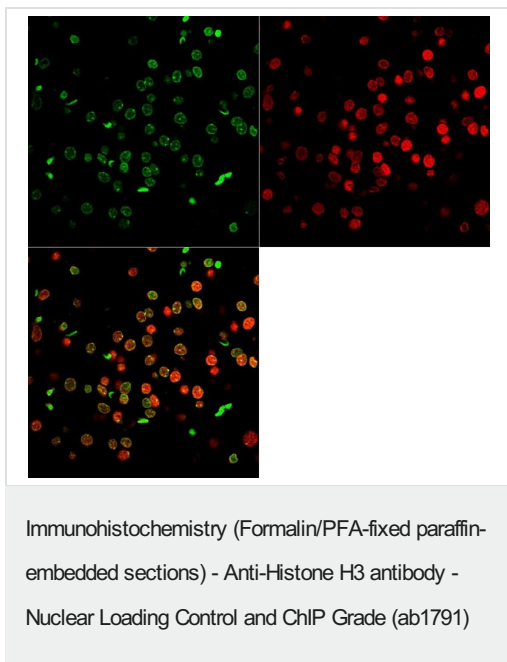


Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) - Anti-Histone H3 antibody - Nuclear Loading Control and ChIP Grade (ab1791)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview

ab1791 staining Histone H3 in human infantile fibromatosis tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections).

Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 1% FBS/BSA for 3 hours at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in Tris pH 9. Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/100 in TBS + 1% BSA + 1% FBS) for 16 hours. An undiluted HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal was used as the secondary antibody.



ab1791 staining Histone H3 (red) in rat brain tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections).

Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.1% TBS-TritonX and blocked with 10% serum for 1 hour at 25°C; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in a citrate buffer. Samples were incubated with the primary antibody (1/500 in 10% normal goat serum) for 24 hours at 24°C. An Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal (1/500) was used as the secondary antibody.

Green - Nucleus staining.

Red - Histone H3 staining.

**Please note:** All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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