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Product datasheet

Anti-Fas Ligand antibody [MFL3] - Low endotoxin, Azide free ab171253

概述

产品名称 Anti-Fas Ligand抗体[MFL3] - Low endotoxin, Azide free

描述 亚美尼亚仓鼠单克隆抗体[MFL3] to Fas Ligand - Low endotoxin, Azide free

宿主 Armenian hamster

免疫原 The details of the immunogen for this antibody are not available.

常规说明 Endotoxin Level: Less than 0.001 ng/μg antibody, as determined by the LAL assay.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

存储溶液 pH: 7.2

Constituent: PBS

Aqueous buffer, no sodium azide.

无载体 是

纯**度** Protein G purified

 克隆
 单克隆

 克隆编号
 MFL3

 同种型
 IgG

靶标

功能 Cytokine that binds to TNFRSF6/FAS, a receptor that transduces the apoptotic signal into cells.

May be involved in cytotoxic T-cell mediated apoptosis and in T-cell development.

TNFRSF6/FAS-mediated apoptosis may have a role in the induction of peripheral tolerance, in

the antigen-stimulated suicide of mature T-cells, or both. Binding to the decoy receptor

TNFRSF6B/DcR3 modulates its effects.

疾病相关 Defects in FASLG are the cause of autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome type 1B (ALPS1B)

[MIM:601859]; also known as Canale-Smith syndrome (CSS). ALPS is a childhood syndrome

involving hemolytic anemia and thrombocytopenia with massive lymphadenopathy and

splenomegaly.

序列相似性 Belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family.

翻译**后修**饰 N-glycosylated.

The soluble form derives from the membrane form by proteolytic processing.

细胞定位 Cell membrane. Secreted. May be released into the extracellular fluid, probably by cleavage form

the cell surface.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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