abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-Factor XII antibody ab104557

2 图像

概述

产品名称 Anti-Factor XII抗体

描述 山羊多克隆抗体to Factor XII

宿主 Goat

 经测试应用
 适用于: IHC-P

 种属反应性
 与反应: Human

免疫原 Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to Human Factor XII. Activated human Factor XII (F XIIa)

purified from plasma.

阳性对照 Human kidney tissue, Human testis tissue

常规说明

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long

term.

存储溶液 pH: 7.40

Constituents: 0.238% HEPES, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), 0.87% Sodium chloride

纯**度** Ammonium Sulphate Precipitation

克隆 多克隆

同种型 IgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab104557于以下的经测试应用

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"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度:实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
IHC-P		Use a concentration of 5 μ g/ml. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval with citrate buffer pH 6 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

靶标

功能

Factor XII is a serum glycoprotein that participates in the initiation of blood coagulation, fibrinolysis, and the generation of bradykinin and angiotensin. Prekallikrein is cleaved by factor XII to form kallikrein, which then cleaves factor XII first to alpha-factor XIIa and then trypsin cleaves it to beta-factor XIIa. Alpha-factor XIIa activates factor XI to factor XIa.

疾病相关

Defects in F12 are the cause of factor XII deficiency (FA12D) [MIM:234000]; also known as Hageman factor deficiency. This trait is an asymptomatic anomaly of in vitro blood coagulation. Its diagnosis is based on finding a low plasma activity of the factor in coagulating assays. It is usually only accidentally discovered through pre-operative blood tests. F12 deficiency is divided into two categories, a cross-reacting material (CRM)-negative group (negative F12 antigen detection) and a CRM-positive group (positive F12 antigen detection).

Defects in F12 are the cause of hereditary angioedema type 3 (HAE3) [MIM:610618]; also known as estrogen-related HAE or hereditary angioneurotic edema with normal C1 inhibitor concentration and function. HAE is characterized by episodic local subcutaneous edema, and submucosal edema involving the upper respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts. HAE3 occurs exclusively in women and is precipitated or worsened by high estrogen levels (e.g., during pregnancy or treatment with oral contraceptives). It differs from HAE types 1 and 2 in that both concentration and function of C1 inhibitor are normal.

序列相似性

Belongs to the peptidase S1 family.

Contains 2 EGF-like domains.

Contains 1 fibronectin type-I domain.

Contains 1 fibronectin type-II domain.

Contains 1 kringle domain.

Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain.

翻译后修饰

Factor XII is activated by kallikrein in alpha-factor XIIa, which is then further converted by trypsin into beta-factor XIIa. Alpha-factor XIIa is composed of the NH2-terminal heavy chain (Coagulation factor XIIa heavy chain) and the COOH-terminal light chain (Coagulation factor XIIa light chain), connected by a disulfide bond. Beta-factor XIIa is composed of 2 chains linked by a disulfide bond, a light chain (Beta-factor XIIa part 2), corresponding to the COOH-terminal light chain (Coagulation factor XIIa light chain) and a nonapeptide (Beta-factor XIIa part 1).

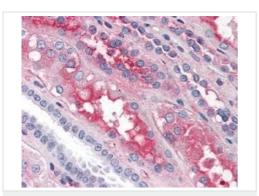
O- and N-glycosylated. The O-linked polysaccharides were not identified, but are probably the

mucin type linked to GalNAc.

细胞定位

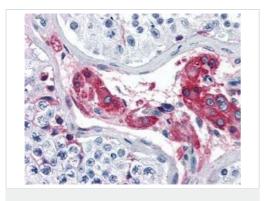
Secreted.

图片



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Factor XII antibody (ab104557)

Human Kidney (formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded) stained with ab104557 at 5 μ g/ml followed by biotinylated anti-goat lgG secondary antibody, alkaline phosphatase-streptavidin and chromogen.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Factor XII antibody (ab104557)

Human Testis (formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded) stained with ab104557 at 5 μ g/ml followed by biotinylated anti-goat lgG secondary antibody, alkaline phosphatase-streptavidin and chromogen.

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