

Product datasheet

Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free ab232522

重组 RabMAb

6 图**像**

概述	
产品名称	Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 抗体 [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free
描述	免单克隆抗体[EP1615Y] to Cytokeratin 16/K16 - BSA and Azide free
宿主	Rabbit
特异性	Several customers have found that this antibody gives good results in mouse and rat however in our hands, we cannot obtain positive results. This antibody is therefore no longer covered by our Abpromise guarantee for use in mouse or rat.
经 测 试应 用	适用于: Flow Cyt (Intra), WB, IHC-P, ICC/IF
种属反 应性	与反应: Human
免疫原	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.
阳性 对照	IHC-P: Human skin tissue.
常 规说 明	ab232522 is the carrier-free version of ab76416 .
	Our <u>carrier-free</u> antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.
	This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.
	Use our conjugation kits for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.
	This product is compatible with the Maxpar [®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. $Maxpar^{®}$ is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.
	 This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility Improved sensitivity and specificity Long-term security of supply Animal-free production For more information <u>see here</u>.

Our RabMAb[®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <u>RabMAb[®] patents</u>.

性能

形式	Liquid
存放说明	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze.
存储溶液	pH: 7.20 Constituent: PBS
无载体	是
纯 度	Protein A purified
克隆	单 克隆
克 隆 编号	EP1615Y
同种型	lgG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab232522于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
Flow Cyt (Intra)		Use at an assay dependent concentration. <u>ab172730</u> - Rabbit monoclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 51 kDa.
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval via the pressure cooker method before commencing with IHC staining protocol.
ICC/IF		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

靶 标	
组织 特异性	Expressed in the hair follicle, nail bed and in mucosal stratified squamous epithelia and, suprabasally, in oral epithelium and palmoplantar epidermis. Also found in luminal cells of sweat and mammary gland ducts.
疾病相关	Defects in KRT16 are a cause of pachyonychia congenita type 1 (PC1) [MIM:167200]; also known as Jadassohn-Lewandowsky syndrome. PC1 is an autosomal dominant ectodermal dysplasia characterized by hypertrophic nail dystrophy resulting in onchyogryposis (thickening and increase in curvature of the nail), palmoplantar keratoderma, follicular hyperkeratosis, and oral leukokeratosis. Hyperhidrosis of the hands and feet is usually present. Defects in KRT16 are the cause of palmoplantar keratoderma non-epidermolytic focal (FNEPPK)

[MIM:613000]. A dermatological disorder characterized by non-epidermolytic palmoplantar keratoderma limited to the pressure points on the balls of the feet, with later mild involvement on the palms. Oral, genital and follicular keratotic lesions are often present.

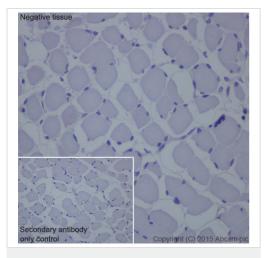
Defects in KRT16 are a cause of unilateral palmoplantar verrucous nevus (UPVN) [MIM:144200]. UPVN is characterized by a localized thickening of the skin in parts of the right palm and the right sole.

Note=KRT16 and KRT17 are coexpressed only in pathological situations such as metaplasias and carcinomas of the uterine cervix and in psoriasis vulgaris.

Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

序列相似性

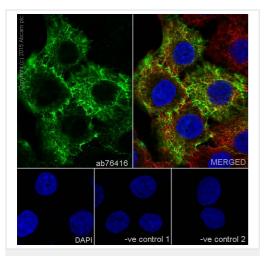
图片



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232522) **ab76416** staining Cytokeratin 16/K16 in human skeletal muscle sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with paraformaldehyde and antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in a EDTA buffer. Samples were incubated with primary antibody at a dilution of 1/500. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) **ab97051** was used as the secondary antibody at a dilution of 1/500.

Negative control 1: PBS in place of primary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab76416</u>).

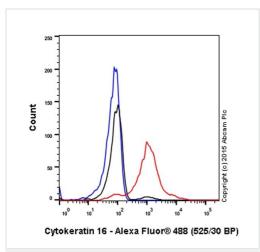


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232522)

<u>ab76416</u> staining Cytokeratin 16/K16 in A431 (human epidermoid carcinoma) cells by ICC/IF

(Immunocytochemistry/immunofluorescence). Cells were fixed with 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. Samples were incubated with primary antibody at a dilution of 1/100. A goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) (<u>ab150077</u>) was used as the secondary antibody. <u>ab7291</u> and <u>ab150120</u> were used as counterstains for primary antibody <u>ab75748</u> and secondary antibody <u>ab150077</u> respectively and DAPI was used as a nuclear counterstain.

Negative control 1: Rabbit primary antibody and anti-mouse secondary antibody (<u>ab150120</u>) **Negative control 2:** Mouse primary antibody (<u>ab7291</u>) and antirabbit secondary antibody (<u>ab150077</u>) This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab76416</u>).

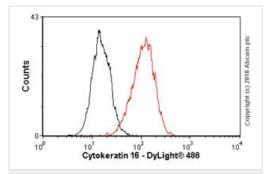


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232522) **ab76416** staining Cytokeratin 16 / K16 in HACAT (human keratinocyte) cell line by intracellular flow cytometry. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and the sample was incubated with the primary antibody at a dilution of 1/150. A goat anti rabbit lgG (Alexa Fluor[®] 488) at a dilution of 1/500 was used as the secondary antibody.

Isoytype control: Rabbit monoclonal IgG (Black)

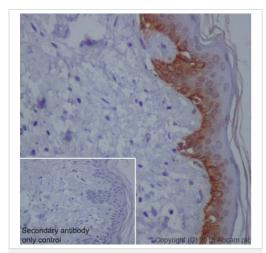
Unlabelled control: Cell without incubation with primary antibody and secondary antibody (Blue)

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab76416</u>).



Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232522) Overlay histogram showing HepG2 cells stained with unpurified **<u>ab76416</u>** (red line). The cells were fixed with methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (**<u>ab76416</u>**, 1/50 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was DyLight® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (**<u>ab96899</u>**) at 1/500 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit monoclonal IgG (1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >5,000 events was performed. This antibody gave a positive signal in HepG2 cells fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde/permeabilized in 0.1% PBS-Triton used under the same conditions.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab76416</u>).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-Cytokeratin 16/K16 antibody [EP1615Y] - BSA and Azide free (ab232522) **ab76416** staining Cytokeratin 16/K16 in human skin tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffinembedded sections). Tissue was fixed with paraformaldehyde and antigen retrieval was by heat mediation in a EDTA buffer. Samples were incubated with primary antibody at a dilution of 1/500. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (HRP) **ab97051** was used as the secondary antibody at a dilution of 1/500.

Negative control 1: PBS in place of primary antibody.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (**ab76416**).



and Azide free (ab232522)

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