abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free ab214805 敲除 验证 重组 RabMAb

<u>1 References</u> 9 图像

概述		
产品名称	Anti-APE1 抗体 [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free	
描述	免 单 克隆抗体 [EPR4022] to APE1 - BSA and Azide free	
宿主	Rabbit	
经测试应 用	适用于: WB, IHC-P	
种属反 应性	与反应: Mouse, Rat, Human	
免疫原	Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.	
阳性 对照	WB: Wild-type HAP1, HEK293, K562, HepG2, Raji , C6, PC-12, NIH3T3 and Raw264.7 whole cell lysates; Rat brain and spleen lysates; Mouse brain, heart, kidney and spleen lysates IHC-P: Human tonsil, human kidney, human liver, mouse liver, and rat spleen tissues.	
常 规说 明	ab214805 is the carrier-free version of ab92744 .	
	Our <u>carrier-free</u> antibodies are typically supplied in a PBS-only formulation, purified and free of BSA, sodium azide and glycerol. The carrier-free buffer and high concentration allow for increased conjugation efficiency.	
	This conjugation-ready format is designed for use with fluorochromes, metal isotopes, oligonucleotides, and enzymes, which makes them ideal for antibody labelling, functional and cell-based assays, flow-based assays (e.g. mass cytometry) and Multiplex Imaging applications.	
	Use our <u>conjugation kits</u> for antibody conjugates that are ready-to-use in as little as 20 minutes with <1 minute hands-on-time and 100% antibody recovery: available for fluorescent dyes, HRP, biotin and gold.	
	This product is compatible with the Maxpar [®] Antibody Labeling Kit from Fluidigm, without the need for antibody preparation. Maxpar [®] is a trademark of Fluidigm Canada Inc.	
	This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including: - High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility - Improved sensitivity and specificity - Long-term security of supply - Animal-free production For more information <u>see here</u> . Our RabMAb [®] technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to <u>RabMAb[®] patents</u> .	

性能 形式 Liquid 存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C. Do Not Freeze. 存储溶液 pH: 7.20 Constituent: PBS 无载体 是 纯度 Protein A purified 单**克隆** 克隆 EPR4022 克隆编号 同种型 lqG

应用

The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab214805于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

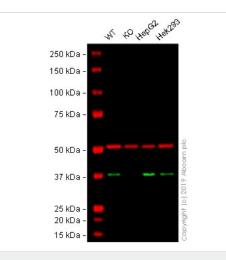
应用	Ab评论	说明
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 36 kDa.
IHC-P		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval via the pressure cooker method before commencing with IHC staining protocol.

靶标

功能

Multifunctional protein that plays a central role in the cellular response to oxidative stress. The two major activities of APEX1 in DNA repair and redox regulation of transcriptional factors. Functions as a apurinic/apyrimidinic (AP) endodeoxyribonuclease in the DNA base excision repair (BER) pathway of DNA lesions induced by oxidative and alkylating agents. Initiates repair of AP sites in DNA by catalyzing hydrolytic incision of the phosphodiester backbone immediately adjacent to the damage, generating a single-strand break with 5'-deoxyribose phosphate and 3'-hydroxyl ends. Does also incise at AP sites in the DNA strand of DNA/RNA hybrids, single-stranded DNA regions of R-loop structures, and single-stranded RNA molecules. Has a 3'-5' exoribonuclease activity on mismatched deoxyribonucleotides at the 3' termini of nicked or gapped DNA molecules during short-patch BER. Possesses a DNA 3' phosphodiesterase activity capable of removing lesions (such as phosphoglycolate) blocking the 3' side of DNA strand breaks. May also play a role in the epigenetic regulation of gene expression by participating in DNA demethylation. Acts as a loading factor for POLB onto non-incised AP sites in DNA and stimulates the 5'terminal deoxyribose 5'-phosphate (dRp) excision activity of POLB. Plays a role in the protection from granzymes-mediated cellular repair leading to cell death. Also involved in the DNA cleavage step of class switch recombination (CSR). On the other hand, APEX1 also exerts reversible nuclear redox activity to regulate DNA binding affinity and transcriptional activity of transcriptional factors by controlling the redox status of their DNA-binding domain, such as the FOS/JUN AP-1 complex after exposure to IR. Involved in calcium-dependent down-regulation of parathyroid

	hormone (PTH) expression by binding to negative calcium response elements (nCaREs). Together with HNRNPL or the dimer XRCC5/XRCC6, associates with nCaRE, acting as an activator of transcriptional repression. Stimulates the YBX1-mediated MDR1 promoter activity, when acetylated at Lys-6 and Lys-7, leading to drug resistance. Acts also as an endoribonuclease involved in the control of single-stranded RNA metabolism. Plays a role in regulating MYC mRNA turnover by preferentially cleaving in between UA and CA dinucleotides of the MYC coding region determinant (CRD). In association with NMD1, plays a role in the rRNA quality control process during cell cycle progression. Associates, together with YBX1, on the MDR1 promoter. Together with NPM1, associates with rRNA. Binds DNA and RNA.
序列相似性	Belongs to the DNA repair enzymes AP/ExoA family.
结 构域	The N-terminus contains the redox activity while the C-terminus exerts the DNA AP- endodeoxyribonuclease activity; both function are independent in their actions. An unconventional mitochondrial targeting sequence (MTS) is harbored within the C-terminus, that appears to be masked by the N-terminal sequence containing the nuclear localization signal (NLS), that probably blocks the interaction between the MTS and Tom proteins.
翻译后修饰	 Phosphorylated. Phosphorylation by kinase PKC or casein kinase CK2 results in enhanced redox activity that stimulates binding of the FOS/JUN AP-1 complex to its cognate binding site. AP-endodeoxyribonuclease activity is not affected by CK2-mediated phosphorylation. Phosphorylation of Thr-233 by CDK5 reduces AP-endodeoxyribonuclease activity resulting in accumulation of DNA damage and contributing to neuronal death. Acetylated on Lys-6 and Lys-7. Acetylation is increased by the transcriptional coactivator EP300 acetyltransferase, genotoxic agents like H(2)O(2) and methyl methanesulfonate (MMS). Acetylation increases its binding affinity to the negative calcium response element (nCaRE) DNA promoter. The acetylated form induces a stronger binding of YBX1 to the Y-box sequence in the MDR1 promoter than the unacetylated form. Deacetylated on lysines. Lys-6 and Lys-7 are deacetylated by SIRT1. Cleaved at Lys-31 by granzyme A to create the mitochondrial form; leading in reduction of binding to DNA, AP endodeoxynuclease activity, redox activation of transcription factors and to enhanced cell death. Cleaved by granzyme K; leading to intracellular ROS accumulation and enhanced cell death after oxidative stress. Cys-65 and Cys-93 are nitrosylated in response to nitric oxide (NO) and lead to the exposure of the nuclear export signal (NES). Ubiquitinated by MDM2; leading to translocation to the cytoplasm and proteasomal degradation.
细胞定位	Mitochondrion. The cleaved APEX2 is only detected in mitochondria (By similarity). Translocation from the cytoplasm to the mitochondria is mediated by ROS signaling and cleavage mediated by granzyme A. Tom20-dependent translocated mitochondrial APEX1 level is significantly increased after genotoxic stress and Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus speckle. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm. Detected in the cytoplasm of B-cells stimulated to switch (By similarity). Colocalized with SIRT1 in the nucleus. Colocalized with YBX1 in nuclear speckles after genotoxic stress. Together with OGG1 is recruited to nuclear speckles in UVA-irradiated cells. Colocalized with nucleolin and NPM1 in the nucleolus. Its nucleolar localization is cell cycle dependent and requires active rRNA transcription. Colocalized with calreticulin in the endoplasmic reticulum. Translocation from the nucleus to the cytoplasm is stimulated in presence of nitric oxide (NO) and function in a CRM1-dependent manner, possibly as a consequence of demasking a nuclear export signal (amino acid position 64-80). S-nitrosylation at Cys-93 and Cys-310 regulates its nuclear-cytosolic shuttling. Ubiquitinated form is localized predominantly in the cytoplasm.



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] -BSA and Azide free (ab214805) All lanes : Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] (<u>ab92744</u>) at 1/10000 dilution

Lane 1 : Wild-type HAP1 whole cell lysate Lane 2 : APEX1 knockout HAP1 whole cell lysate Lane 3 : HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 4 : HEK293 whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

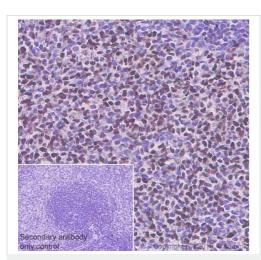
Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 36 kDa Observed band size: 37 kDa

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation (<u>ab92744</u>).

Lanes 1 - 4: Merged signal (red and green). Green - <u>ab92744</u> observed at 37 kDa. Red - loading control, <u>ab7291</u> (Mouse anti-Alpha Tubulin [DM1A] observed at 55kDa.

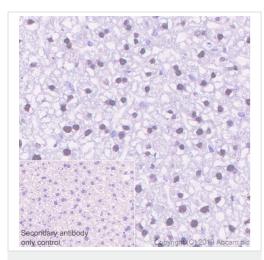
ab92744 was shown to react with APEX1 in HAP1 wild-type cells in Western blot. Loss of signal was observed when APEX1 knockout sample was used. HAP1 wild-type and APEX1 knockout cell lysates were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membranes were blocked in 3% Milk in TBS-T (0.1% Tween®) before incubation with **ab92744** and **ab7291** (Mouse anti-Alpha Tubulin [DM1A] overnight at 4°C at a 1 in 10000 dilution and a 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preabsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preabsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free (ab214805)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of rat spleen tissue sections labeling APE1 with purified <u>ab92744</u> at 1/4000 dilution (0.12 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond[™] Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0). Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (<u>ab209101</u>) was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: PBS instead of the primary antibody. Hematoxylin was used as a counterstain.

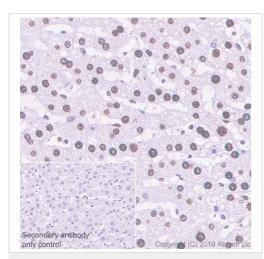
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free (ab214805)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of mouse liver tissue sections labeling APE1 with purified <u>ab92744</u> at 1/4000 dilution (0.12 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond[™] Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0). Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (<u>ab209101</u>) was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: PBS instead of the primary antibody. Hematoxylin was used as a counterstain.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free (ab214805)

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffin-embedded sections) analysis of human liver tissue sections labeling APE1 with purified <u>ab92744</u> at 1/4000 dilution (0.12 µg/ml). Heat mediated antigen retrieval using Bond[™] Epitope Retrieval Solution 2 (pH 9.0). Rabbit specific IHC polymer detection kit HRP/DAB (<u>ab209101</u>) was used as the secondary antibody. Negative control: PBS instead of the primary antibody. Hematoxylin was used as a counterstain.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] -BSA and Azide free (ab214805) **All lanes :** Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] (<u>ab92744</u>) at 0.51 µg/ml (purified)

Lane 1 : Mouse brain lysate Lane 2 : Mouse heart lysate

Lane 3 : Mouse kidney lysate

Lane 4 : Mouse spleen lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

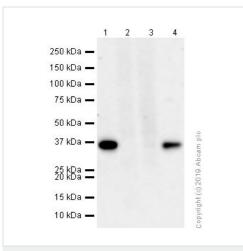
Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 0.05 µg/ml

Predicted band size: 36 kDa Observed band size: 36 kDa

Blocking/diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST 5% NFDM /TBST

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] -BSA and Azide free (ab214805) **All lanes :** Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] (<u>ab92744</u>) at 0.51 µg/ml (purified)

Lane 1 : Rat brain lysate

- Lane 2 : Rat heart lysate
- Lane 3 : Rat liver lysate
- Lane 4 : Rat spleen lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

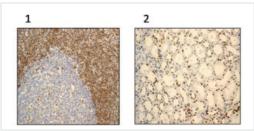
Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 0.05 μg/ml

Predicted band size: 36 kDa Observed band size: 36 kDa

Blocking/diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST 5% NFDM /TBST

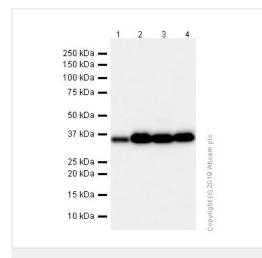
This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] - BSA and Azide free (ab214805) **ab92744**, at a 1/100 dilution, staining APE1 in formalin fixed, paraffin embedded (1) Human tonsil tissue and (2)Human kidney tissue by Immunohistochemistry. Detection: DAB staining.

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).

Perform heat mediated antigen retrieval via the pressure cooker method before commencing with IHC staining protocol.



Western blot - Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] -BSA and Azide free (ab214805) **All lanes :** Anti-APE1 antibody [EPR4022] (<u>ab92744</u>) at 0.51 µg (purified)

Lane 1 : C6 (Rat glial tumor glial cell) whole cell lysate
Lane 2 : Raw264.7 (Mouse Abelson murine leukemia virusinduced tumor macrophage) whole cell lysate
Lane 3 : PC-12 (Rat adrenal gland pheochromocytoma) whole cell lysate
Lane 4 : NIH/3T3 (Mouse embryonic fibroblast) whole cell lysate

Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : Goat Anti-Rabbit lgG H&L (HRP) (<u>ab97051</u>) at 0.05 μg/ml

Predicted band size: 36 kDa

Blocking/diluting buffer and concentration: 5% NFDM /TBST 5% NFDM /TBST

This data was developed using the same antibody clone in a different buffer formulation containing PBS, BSA, glycerol, and sodium azide (<u>ab92744</u>).



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