# abcam

# Product datasheet

# Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-PMS2 antibody [EPR3947] ab202835



重组 RabMAb

2 图像 ★★★★★ 2 Abreviews

#### 概述

产品名称 Alexa Fluor® 647荧光Anti-PMS2抗体[EPR3947]

描述 Alexa Fluor® 647荧光兔单克隆抗体[EPR3947] to PMS2

宿主 Rabbit

偶联物 Alexa Fluor® 647. Ex: 652nm. Em: 668nm

经测试应用 适用于: Flow Cyt (Intra)

种属反应性 与反应: Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

阳性对照 Flow Cyt (intra): HeLa cells.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit 常规说明

monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb® patents**.

Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc, a Thermo Fisher Scientific Company. The Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye included in this product is provided under an intellectual property license from Life Technologies Corporation. As this product contains the Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye, the purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the non-transferable right to use the purchased product and components of the product only in research conducted by the buyer (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). As this product contains the Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> dye the sale of this product is expressly conditioned on the buyer not using the product or its components, or any materials made using the product or its components, in any activity to generate revenue, which may include, but is not limited to use of the product or its components: in manufacturing; (ii) to provide a service, information, or data in return for payment (iii) for therapeutic, diagnostic or prophylactic purposes; or (iv) for resale, regardless of whether they are sold for use in research. For information on purchasing a license to this product for purposes other than research, contact Life Technologies Corporation, 5781 Van Allen Way, Carlsbad, CA 92008 USA or

outlicensing@thermofisher.com.

性能

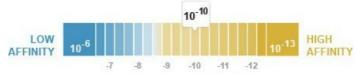
形式 Liquid

存放说明 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Stable for 12 months at -20°C. Store In the Dark.

#### 解离常数(Kn)

 $K_D = 1.50 \times 10^{-10} M$ 



#### Learn more about K<sub>D</sub>

**存储溶液** pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), PBS, 1% BSA

纯**度** Protein A purified

**克隆** 单克隆 **克隆编号** EPR3947

**同种型** IgG

应用

# The Abpromise guarantee Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab202835于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

| 应 <b>用</b>       | Ab评论 | 说明     |
|------------------|------|--------|
| Flow Cyt (Intra) |      | 1/500. |

#### 靶标

# 功能

Component of the post-replicative DNA mismatch repair system (MMR). Heterodimerizes with MLH1 to form MutL alpha. DNA repair is initiated by MutS alpha (MSH2-MSH6) or MutS beta (MSH2-MSH6) binding to a dsDNA mismatch, then MutL alpha is recruited to the heteroduplex. Assembly of the MutL-MutS-heteroduplex ternary complex in presence of RFC and PCNA is sufficient to activate endonuclease activity of PMS2. It introduces single-strand breaks near the mismatch and thus generates new entry points for the exonuclease EXO1 to degrade the strand containing the mismatch. DNA methylation would prevent cleavage and therefore assure that only the newly mutated DNA strand is going to be corrected. MulL alpha (MLH1-PMS2) interacts physically with the clamp loader subunits of DNA polymerase III, suggesting that it may play a role to recruit the DNA polymerase III to the site of the MMR. Also implicated in DNA damage signaling, a process which induces cell cycle arrest and can lead to apoptosis in case of major DNA damages.

疾病相关

Defects in PMS2 are the cause of hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer type 4 (HNPCC4) [MIM:600259]. Mutations in more than one gene locus can be involved alone or in combination in the production of the HNPCC phenotype (also called Lynch syndrome). Most families with clinically recognized HNPCC have mutations in either MLH1 or MSH2 genes. HNPCC is an autosomal, dominantly inherited disease associated with marked increase in cancer susceptibility. It is characterized by a familial predisposition to early onset colorectal carcinoma (CRC) and extra-colonic cancers of the gastrointestinal, urological and female reproductive tracts. HNPCC is reported to be the most common form of inherited colorectal cancer in the Western world, and accounts for 15% of all colon cancers. Cancers in HNPCC originate within benign

neoplastic polyps termed adenomas. Clinically, HNPCC is often divided into two subgroups. Type I: hereditary predisposition to colorectal cancer, a young age of onset, and carcinoma observed in the proximal colon. Type II: patients have an increased risk for cancers in certain tissues such as the uterus, ovary, breast, stomach, small intestine, skin, and larynx in addition to the colon. Diagnosis of classical HNPCC is based on the Amsterdam criteria: 3 or more relatives affected by colorectal cancer, one a first degree relative of the other two; 2 or more generation affected; 1 or more colorectal cancers presenting before 50 years of age; exclusion of hereditary polyposis syndromes. The term 'suspected HNPCC' or 'incomplete HNPCC' can be used to describe families who do not or only partially fulfill the Amsterdam criteria, but in whom a genetic basis for colon cancer is strongly suspected.

Defects in PMS2 are a cause of mismatch repair cancer syndrome (MMRCS) [MIM:276300]; also known as Turcot syndrome or brain tumor-polyposis syndrome 1 (BTPS1). MMRCS is an autosomal dominant disorder characterized by malignant tumors of the brain associated with multiple colorectal adenomas. Skin features include sebaceous cysts, hyperpigmented and cafe au lait spots.

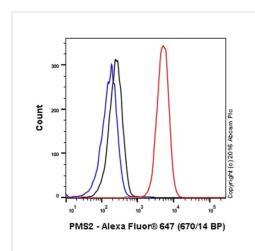
Belongs to the DNA mismatch repair mutL/hexB family.

Nucleus.

#### 序列相似性

细胞定位

# 图片

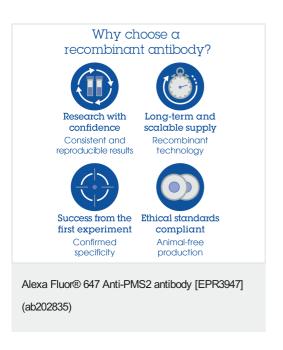


Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Alexa Fluor® 647 Anti-PMS2 antibody [EPR3947] (ab202835) Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with ab202835 (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 15 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (ab202835, 1/1500 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C.

Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal)
Alexa Fluor® 647 (**ab199093** used at the same concentration and conditions as the primary antibody. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control.

Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 40mW Red laser (640nm) and 670/14 bandpass filter.

This antibody gave a positive signal in HeLa cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min)//permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Triton X-100 for 15 min used under the same conditions.



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

# Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <a href="https://www.abcam.cn/abpromise">https://www.abcam.cn/abpromise</a> or contact our technical team.

### Terms and conditions

• Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors