# abcam

## Product datasheet

## Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-CXCR4 antibody [UMB2] ab211984



重组 RabMAb

#### 2 图像

#### 概述

产品名称 Alexa Fluor® 594荧光Anti-CXCR4抗体[UMB2]

描述 Alexa Fluor® 594荧光兔单克隆抗体[UMB2] to CXCR4

宿主 Rabbit

偶联物 Alexa Fluor® 594. Ex: 590nm, Em: 617nm

经测试应用 适用于: ICC/IF 种属反应性 与反应: Human

预测可用于: Mouse, Rat 🔷

免疫原 Synthetic peptide. This information is proprietary to Abcam and/or its suppliers.

(Peptide available as ab155072)

ICC/IF: Jurkat cells 阳性对照

常规说明 This product is a recombinant monoclonal antibody, which offers several advantages including:

- High batch-to-batch consistency and reproducibility
- Improved sensitivity and specificity
- Long-term security of supply
- Animal-free production

For more information see here.

Our RabMAb® technology is a patented hybridoma-based technology for making rabbit monoclonal antibodies. For details on our patents, please refer to **RabMAb**® **patents**.

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性能

形式 Liquid

**存放说明** Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C.

Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Store In the Dark.

**存储溶液** pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: PBS, 1% BSA, 30% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

纯**度** Protein A purified

 克隆
 单克隆

 克隆编号
 UMB2

 同种型
 IqG

应用

The Abpromise quarantee

Abpromise™承诺保证使用ab211984于以下的经测试应用

"应用说明"部分 下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度;实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

应用	Ab评论	说明
ICC/IF		1/50. This product gave a positive signal in Jurkat cells fixed with 4% formaldehyde (10 min) and 80% methanol (5 min)

#### 靶标

功能

Receptor for the C-X-C chemokine CXCL12/SDF-1 that transduces a signal by increasing intracellular calcium ions levels and enhancing MAPK1/MAPK3 activation. Acts as a receptor for extracellular ubiquitin; leading to enhance intracellular calcium ions and reduce cellular cAMP levels. Involved in haematopoiesis and in cardiac ventricular septum formation. Plays also an essential role in vascularization of the gastrointestinal tract, probably by regulating vascular branching and/or remodeling processes in endothelial cells. Could be involved in cerebellar development. In the CNS, could mediate hippocampal-neuron survival. Acts as a coreceptor (CD4 being the primary receptor) for HIV-1 X4 isolates and as a primary receptor for some HIV-2 isolates. Promotes Env-mediated fusion of the virus.

组织特异性

Expressed in numerous tissues, such as peripheral blood leukocytes, spleen, thymus, spinal cord, heart, placenta, lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, pancreas, cerebellum, cerebral cortex and medulla (in microglia as well as in astrocytes), brain microvascular, coronary artery and umbilical cord endothelial cells. Isoform 1 is predominant in all tissues tested.

疾病相关

Defects in CXCR4 are a cause of WHIM syndrome (WHIM) [MIM:193670]; also known as warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections and myelokathexis. WHIM syndrome is an immunodeficiency disease characterized by neutropenia, hypogammaglobulinemia and extensive human papillomavirus (HPV) infection. Despite the peripheral neutropenia, bone marrow aspirates from

affected individuals contain abundant mature myeloid cells, a condition termed myelokathexis.

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family.

The amino-terminus is critical for ligand binding. Residues in all four extracellular regions contribute to HIV-1 coreceptor activity.

Phosphorylated on agonist stimulation. Rapidly phosphorylated on serine and threonine residues in the C-terminal. Phosphorylation at Ser-324 and Ser-325 leads to recruitment of ITCH, ubiquitination and protein degradation.

Ubiquitinated by ITCH at the cell membrane on agonist stimulation. The ubiquitin-dependent mechanism, endosomal sorting complex required for transport (ESCRT), then targets CXCR4 for lysosomal degradation. This process is dependent also on prior Ser-/Thr-phosphorylation in the C-terminal of CXCR4. Also binding of ARRB1 to STAM negatively regulates CXCR4 sorting to lysosomes though modulating ubiquitination of SFR5S.

Sulfation on Tyr-21 is required for efficient binding of CXCL12/SDF-1alpha and promotes its dimerization.

O- and N-glycosylated. Asn-11 is the principal site of N-glycosylation. There appears to be very little or no glycosylation on Asn-176. N-glycosylation masks coreceptor function in both X4 and R5 laboratory-adapted and primary HIV-1 strains through inhibiting interaction with their Env glycoproteins. The O-glycosylation chondroitin sulfate attachment does not affect interaction with CXCL12/SDF-1alpha nor its coreceptor activity.

Cell membrane. In unstimulated cells, diffuse pattern on plasma membrane. On agonist stimulation, colocalizes with ITCH at the plasma membrane where it becomes ubiquitinated.

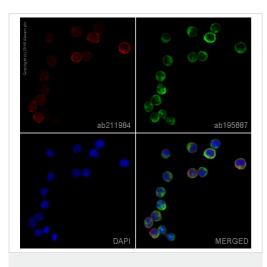
细胞定位

序列相似性

翻译后修饰

结构域

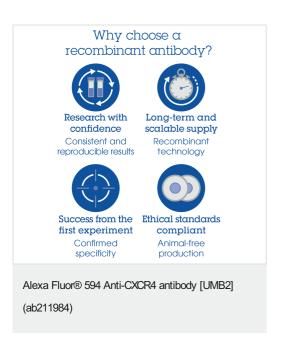
### 图片



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Alexa Fluor® 594 Anti-CXCR4 antibody [UMB2] (ab211984) ab211984 staining CXCR4 in Jurkat cells. The cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde, permeabilized with 0.1%Triton X-100 and incubated with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block unspecific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated overnight at +4°C with ab211984 at 1/100 dilution (pseudocolored in red) and ab195887, Mouse monoclonal [DM1A] to alpha Tubulin - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 488), at 1/250 dilution (shown in green). Nuclear DNA was labelled with DAPI (shown in blue).

Image was taken with a confocal microscope (Leica-Microsystems, TCS SP8).

This product also gave a positive signal under the same testing conditions in Jurkat cells fixed with 80% methanol.



Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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